RealPropertyResearchGroup

Baltimore - Atlanta

Market Feasibility Analysis Saddle Club Apartments Fort Oglethorpe, Catoosa County, Georgia DCA Project Number 2003-007

Prepared for The Georgia Department of Community Affairs July 2003

Table of Contents

I.	Executive Summary	. iv
II.	Introduction	1
III.	Location and Neighborhood Context	
A.	Project Description	
B.	Neighborhood Characteristics	13
C.	Shopping	14
D.	Medical	15
E.	Schools	16
IV.	Socio-Economic and Demographic Content	17
A.	Economic Context	19
B.	Growth Trends	
C.	Demographic Characteristics	29
D.	Income Characteristics	33
٧.	Supply Analysis	38
A.	Area Housing Stock	38
B.	Rental Market	42
C.	Proposed Developments	50
VI.	Findings and Conclusions	51
A.	Findings	51
B.	Demand	55
C.	Affordability Analysis	
D.	DCA Demand Calculations	
E.	DCA Estimates and Capture Rates by Floorplan	
F.	Project Feasibility	
G.	Absorption Estimate	
H.	Interviews	
	ndix 1 Underlying Assumptions and Limiting Conditions	
Apper	ndix 2 Analyst Certification	72
Apper	ndix 3 Resumes	73
Apper	ndix 4 DCA Market Study Checklist	75
Apper	ndix 5 Community Photos and Profiles	79

List of Tables

Table 1	Project Specific LIHTC Rent Limits, Saddle Club	2
Table 2	Site Amenities, Saddle Club	12
Table 3 F	Proposed Unit Configuration and Rents	13
Table 4 A	At Place Employment, Catoosa County 1990-2002	20
	abor Force and Unemployment Rates, Catoosa County	
Table 6 E	Employment by Sector, Catoosa County 1995-2000	22
Table 7 N	Major Employers, Catoosa County	23
Table 8 T	Frends in Population and Households, PMA and Tri-County Market Area	26
Table 9 (Catoosa County Building Permits, 1990 - 2002	28
Table 10	2000 Age Distribution	30
Table 11	2000 Households by Household Type	31
	Dwelling Units by Occupancy Status	
Table 13	2000 Households by Tenure & Age of Householder	33
Table 14	1999 Household Income Distribution, Primary Market Area	34
Table 15	1999 Renter Household Income Distribution	35
Table 16	1999 Owner Occuppied Household Income Distribution	36
Table 17	Cost Burdened Renter Households, Primary Market Area	37
Table 18	2000 Renter Households by Number of Units	38
Table 19	2000 Census Rent Distribution.	39
Table 20	Year Property Built	40
Table 21	Substandard Housing Units	41
	Rental Summary	
Table 23	Common Area Amenities of Surveyed Communities	46
Table 24	Features of Rental Communities in Primary Market Area	47
Table 25	Salient Characteristics, PMA Rental Communities	48
Table 26	Derivation of Demand	56
Table 27	Affordability Analysis for Saddle Club.	59
Table 28	Recently Built and Pipeline Units	62
	DCA Demand Estimates	
Table 30	Detailed Gross Demand Estimates	63
Table 31	Tax Credit Demand Estimates and Capture Rates by Floorplan and Income Level	64

List of Figures

Figure 1	Site Location Photos	4
	Surrounding Land Uses Photos	
Figure 3	Range of Net Rents	49
	Product Position, Saddle Club	
	List of Maps	
Map 1 Si	ite Location, Saddle Club	9
	Site Amenities, Saddle Club	
Map 3 P	rimary Market Area	18
Map 4 M	lajor Employers	24
	Competitive Rental Communities	

I. Executive Summary

Real Property Research Group, Inc. (RPRG) has completed a market study of the newly constructed Saddle Club Apartments, a proposed 168 unit mixed-income apartment community to be located on the north side of Highway 2 approximately two miles west of Interstate 75. The newly constructed rental community will be general occupancy in nature with an emphasis on single person and small to moderately sized family renter households.

After completion, rents and unit configuration of the rental community will be as follows:

Unit	AMI		Bulding		Avg.	Net	
Type	Level	Bedrooms	Type	Units	Size	Rent	Rent/Sq Ft
LIHTC	30%	1	Garden	1	921	\$197	\$0.21
LIHTC	30%	2	Garden	3	1,135	\$232	\$0.20
LIHTC	30%	3	Garden	1	1,361	\$257	\$0.19
LIHTC	50%	1	Garden	5	921	\$384	\$0.42
LIHTC	50%	2	Garden	20	1,135	\$457	\$0.40
LIHTC	50%	3	Garden	10	1,361	\$517	\$0.38
LIHTC	60%	1	Garden	13	921	\$460	\$0.50
LIHTC	60%	2	Garden	54	1,135	\$550	\$0.48
LIHTC	60%	3	Garden	27	1,361	\$640	\$0.47
MARKET	80%	1	Garden	5	921	\$460	\$0.50
MARKET	80%	2	Garden	19	1,135	\$550	\$0.48
MARKET	80%	3	Garden	10	1,361	\$640	\$0.47
	Total/Avg.			168	1,169	\$533	\$0.46

Based on our analysis, including field research conducted in June 2003, we have arrived at the following conclusions:

Site Location

- The site is a 18.91 acre tract on the north side of Highway 2 at its intersection with Dyer Bridge Road. The site consists primarily of undeveloped, heavily wooded land with many mature trees. The site is bordered to the north by Dyer Bridge Road, to the east by Dyer Bridge Road, to the south by Highway 2, and to the west by Dietz Road.
- Ingress and egress will be available off Dyer Bridge Road. Dyer Bridge Road is a lightly traveled residential street with a speed limit of 25 miles per hour. No problems

- are expected with ingress or egress. Although it will have significant frontage, the site will not have direct access to/from Highway 2.
- The proposed community will be compatible with surrounding land uses. The majority
 of the development in the immediate area surrounding the site consists of singlefamily detached homes and a few houses of worship. The majority of the surrounding
 land is zoned for residential use. The zoning is not expected to change.
- The site inspection was conducted on Wednesday June 30, 2003.

Economy

- In 2001, total employment in Catoosa County had reached 14,538 as job growth averaged over 250 jobs annually since 1990. Overall, the county has experienced a net increase of over 3,000 jobs or 26 percent since 1990. Similar to national trends, Catoosa County has experienced an economic downturn over the past two years as 2001 and the first three quarters of 2002 experienced a net loss in jobs.
- Unemployment rates in Catoosa County have remained lower than the unemployment rates in the state of Georgia, while following similar trends. Between 1990 and 2002, the unemployment rate decreased six years, remained unchanged three years, and increased during three years. The overall unemployment rate has decreased significantly from the decade high of 6.0 percent in 1992, as the year-end unemployment rate in 2002 was 3.0 percent. During the first 4 months of 2003, Catoosa County's unemployment rate has decreased by nearly a full percentage point compared to Georgia's decline of 0.2 percentage point.
- The stable economic conditions in Catoosa County indicate that the calculated demand estimates and capture rates will be achievable independent of market conditions. The current economics of the area will not prevent the proposed development from achieving the calculated capture rates.

Household Growth

Based on 1990 and 2000 Census data, the PMA experienced an increase of 4,033 households, while the Tri-County Market Area increased by a total of 7,560 households. This change equates to a 19.3 percent increase in the primary market area compared to a 18 percent increase in the Tri-County Market Area. The annual

- compounded rates of household growth were 1.8 percent in the PMA and 1.7 percent in the Tri-County Market Area.
- Projections show that the PMA's household count is expected to increase by 2,106 or 8.4 percent by 2005 compared to an increase of 3,656 households or 7.4 percent in the Tri-County Market Area. Annual increases are projected to be 421 households or 1.6 percent in the primary market area and 731 households or 1.4 percent in the Tri-County Market Area.

Household Characteristics

- Renters are most common among householders age 25 to 44 years of age. This age
 grouping accounts for 29.9 percent of the PMA's population and 29.5 percent of the
 Tri-County Market Area's population.
- The primary market area and the Tri-County Market Area have a similar percentage of households that rent. In 2000, 24.6 percent of the householders in the PMA were renters. In comparison, 22.6 percent of the Tri-County Market Area householders rented.
- Census data indicates that the 1999 median household income for the primary market area was \$37,382, 3.6 percent higher than the \$36,079 median income in the Tri-County Market Area.
- Over twenty-one percent of primary market area householders earn between \$15,000 and \$30,000, the general income range to be targeted by the proposed LIHTC units.

Rental Market

- The multifamily rental stock in the primary market area is relatively young. The
 average age of the 6 rental communities providing this data is 14 years. The two
 newest communities were built in 1998. Of the remaining four properties, one was built
 in 1990, two were built in the 1980's, and one was built in the 1970's.
- Among the 703 units in the 9 surveyed communities, 26 were reported vacant for a
 rate of 3.7 percent. Three of the communities have a vacancy rate above 5 percent
 and the remaining six properties have a vacancy rate of 3.3 percent or less.

- Among the 9 properties surveyed, one bedroom units are the most common, as they
 are offered at 8 of the 9 communities. Two bedroom units are offered at 7
 communities and three bedroom units are present at only three.
- None of the surveyed rental communities are currently offering rental incentives. The street rents at the existing communities are adjusted to account for the cost of utilities. The average net rent among the surveyed communities is \$412 for a one bedroom unit, \$514 for a two bedroom unit, and \$567 for a three bedroom unit. The average square footages are 659, 1,089, and 1,233 for the one, two and three bedroom units respectively.

Findings and Conclusions

- Using a 35 percent underwriting criteria, the penetration rate for all 168 units was calculated to be 1.6 percent for all households and 4.5 percent for renter households. This is based on the 10,547 total households and 3,768 renter households that earn more than \$9,634 and less than \$41,600. Affordability by floorplan and income level indicates that there is a sufficient number of income qualified households for all floorplans.
- Excess demand for rental housing in the primary market area was calculated to be 194. This number represents the number of additional rental units needed in the market after Saddle Club Apartments and all other rental communities in the pipeline have achieved stabilized occupancy.
- The capture rates for the proposed units are 13 percent for all LIHTC units, 3.6 percent for the market rate units, and 12.1 percent for all units. Demand by floorplan includes 12 variations as a result of the bedroom sizes and four income levels. Floorplan specific capture rates range from 0.8 percent for the 30 percent three bedroom units to 27.1 percent for the 60 percent two-bedroom units. Eleven of the 12 capture rates are below 15 percent. Based on these capture rates, adequate incomequalified demand exists for the proposed units.

The project's appeal and strengths are as follows:

Community Design: The proposed development will be the most attractive community in the primary market area. The new modern design characteristics and up-scale community

design will be competitive within the primary market area, which has seen little new product development over the past two decades.

Location: The proposed site is located in a growing area of Catoosa County. The proposed site is located conveniently to shopping, education, health care, public transportation, and area traffic arteries.

Amenities: The proposed Saddle Club Apartment Community will offer more unit and community amenities than all of the existing rental communities in the primary market area. The proposed amenities, including appliance package, is appropriate given the proposed rent levels.

Unit Mix: The unit mix distribution of the 168 units at Saddle Club Apartments is appropriate and compatible with the existing rental stock. The one and two bedroom units will appeal to single person householders or small to medium sized families while the three bedroom units will appeal to larger families and those desiring additional space. The proposed unit mix is appropriate. The 168 proposed units will make Saddle Club the largest community in the primary market area.

Unit Size: With square footages of 921 for a one bedroom unit, 1,135 for a two bedroom unit and 1,361 for a three bedroom unit, Saddle Club will have a competitive advantage with the existing rental stock. These unit sizes are significantly larger than the average among surveyed communities.

Price: The proposed 30 percent units are priced at the bottom of the range of net rents in the primary market area. The proposed 50 percent rents are priced in the lower half of the range of net rents and the 60 percent and market rate rents are positioned near the top. The proposed rents are appropriate given the location, large unit sizes, and extensive amenities to be included. On a square foot basis, the proposed rents are lower than the average one-bedroom rent and only \$0.01 above the averages for two and three bedroom units.

Absorption: With no data on absorption at comparable communities, absorption rates are derived based on the appeal of the proposed development, condition of the area's rental housing stock, and demand estimates for the subject property. The rental market in the PMA is tight as less than four percent of existing rental units are vacant. The primary market area is projected to grow at an annual compounded rate of 421 households per

year through 2005. Despite this continued growth, no rental communities have been built in the PMA over the past three years with only one (88 units) under construction. The low percentage of vacant rental units, the continual household growth and minimal amount of new construction indicate a potential pent-up demand for rental housing. As the proposed community will be offering units at four income levels, it will appeal to a wide range of renter householders.

We believe that given the competitive rents, extensive amenities, tight rental market, wide range of allowable incomes, and lack of significant pipeline, the proposed 168 rental units at Saddle Club Apartments will lease at a rate of at least 13 units per month. At this rate, the proposed community will attain 95 percent occupancy within approximately 12 months.

II. Introduction

Real Property Research Group, Inc. has been retained by The Georgia Department of Community Affairs to conduct a market feasibility analysis of Saddle Club Apartments. Saddle Club Apartments will be a newly constructed mixed-income rental community consisting of 168 rental units. The proposed community will be located the north side of Highway 2, approximately two miles west of Interstate 75 and three miles east of downtown Fort Oglethorpe. The newly constructed rental community will be general occupancy in nature with an emphasis on single person households and small to moderately sized family renter households.

The majority (80 percent) of the units at Saddle Club Apartments will benefit from Low Income Housing Tax Credits and will be restricted to households earning no more than 30 percent, 50 percent, and 60 percent of the Area Median Income (AMI). The remaining 20 percent of the units will be market rate with no income restrictions. Although no income restrictions will be imposed on the market rate units, it is assumed for demand purposes that these units will target renter householders earning no more than 80 percent of the AMI. Saddle Club will consist of 24 one-bedroom units at 921 square feet, 96 two-bedroom units at 1,135 square feet, and 48 three-bedroom units at 1,361 square feet. HUD has computed a 2003 median household income of \$48,800 for the Chattanooga TN-GA MSA in which the subject site is located. Based on that median income adjusted for household size, the maximum income limit and minimum income requirement is computed for each floorplan in Table 1. The minimum income limit is calculated assuming 35% of income is spent on total housing cost (rent plus utilities). The maximum allowable income and corresponding rents are calculated assuming 1.5 persons per bedroom.

This analysis takes into account pertinent trends in housing supply and demand in a distinct market area delineated with respect to the subject site. Conclusions are drawn on the appropriateness of the proposed rents and projected length of initial absorption.

Table 1 Project Specific LIHTC Rent Limits, Saddle Club

Floorplans & Type of Units	Maximum % of AMI	Number of Units	Bedrooms	Planned Net Rent	Utility Allowance	Planned Gross Rent	Maximum Gross Rent	Maximum Income	Minimum Income
LIHTC	30%	1	1	\$197	\$84	\$281	\$281	\$11,250	\$9,634
LIHTC	30%	3	2	\$232	\$105	\$337	\$338	\$13,500	\$11,554
LIHTC	30%	1	3	\$257	\$133	\$390	\$390	\$15,600	\$13,371
LIHTC	50%	5	1	\$384	\$84	\$468	\$469	\$18,750	\$16,046
LIHTC	50%	20	2	\$457	\$105	\$562	\$563	\$22,500	\$19,269
LIHTC	50%	10	3	\$517	\$133	\$650	\$650	\$26,000	\$22,286
LIHTC	60%	13	1	\$460	\$84	\$544	\$563	\$22,500	\$18,651
LIHTC	60%	54	2	\$550	\$105	\$655	\$675	\$27,000	\$22,457
LIHTC	60%	27	3	\$640	\$133	\$773	\$780	\$31,200	\$26,503
MARKET	80%	5	1	\$460	\$84	\$544	\$750	\$30,000	\$18,651
MARKET	80%	19	2	\$550	\$105	\$655	\$900	\$36,000	\$22,457
MARKET	80%	10	3	\$640	\$133	\$773	\$1,040	\$41,600	\$26,503

The report is divided into six sections. Following the executive summary and this introduction, Section 3 provides a project description and an analysis of local neighborhood characteristics. Section 4 examines the socio-economic and demographic characteristics of the delineated market area. Section 5 presents a discussion of the competitive residential environment. Section 6 discusses conclusions reached from the analysis and estimates the demand for the project using growth projections and income distributions.

The conclusions reached in a market study are inherently subjective and should not be relied upon as a determinative predictor of results that will actually occur in the marketplace. There can be no assurance that the estimates made or assumptions employed in preparing this report will in fact be realized or that other methods or assumptions might not be appropriate. The conclusions expressed in this report are as of the date of this report, and an analysis conducted as of another date may require different conclusions. The actual results achieved will depend on a variety of factors including the performance of management, the impact of changes in general and local economic conditions and the absence of material changes in the regulatory or competitive environment. Reference is made to the statement of Underlying Assumptions and Limiting Conditions attached as Appendix I and incorporated in this report.

A. Project Description

Saddle Club will be located in southeast Fort Oglethorpe, Catoosa County. The subject site is located within approximately two miles or less of Fort Oglethorpe's three major thoroughfares, Highways 2 and 27, as well as Interstate 75. The site is an 18.91 acre tract on the north side of Highway 2 at its intersection with Dyer Bridge Road. The site consists primarily of undeveloped, heavily wooded land with many mature trees. The site is bordered to the north by Dyer Bridge Road, to the east by Dyer Bridge Road, to the south by Highway 2, and to the west by Dietz Road.

The proposed site is located just outside Fort Oglethorpe's City Limits and on the periphery of the more densely populated region of the county. Dyer Bridge Road is a small residential road with scattered single-family detached homes of moderate value.

Ingress and egress will be available off Dyer Bridge Road. Dyer Bridge Road is a lightly traveled residential street with a speed limit of 25 miles per hour. No problems are expected with ingress or egress. Although the site will have significant frontage along Highway 2, direct access to/from the site will not be available.

The proposed community will be compatible with surrounding land uses. The majority of the development in the immediate area surrounding the site consists of single-family detached homes and a few houses of worship. The majority of the surrounding land is zoned for residential use. The zoning is not expected to change.

Figure 1 Site Location Photos



View of site facing south from Dyer Bridge Road.



View of site facing west from Dyer Bridge Road.



View of site from Dyer Bridge Road and Highway 2.



Dyer Bridge Road facing west, north of site. Site is on left.

Figure 2 Surrounding Land Uses Photos



View of Highway 2 facing east from Dyer Bridge Road.



View of Highway 2 facing west from Dyer Bridge Road.

www.rprg.net



Dyer Bridge Road facing north at its intersection with Highway 2.



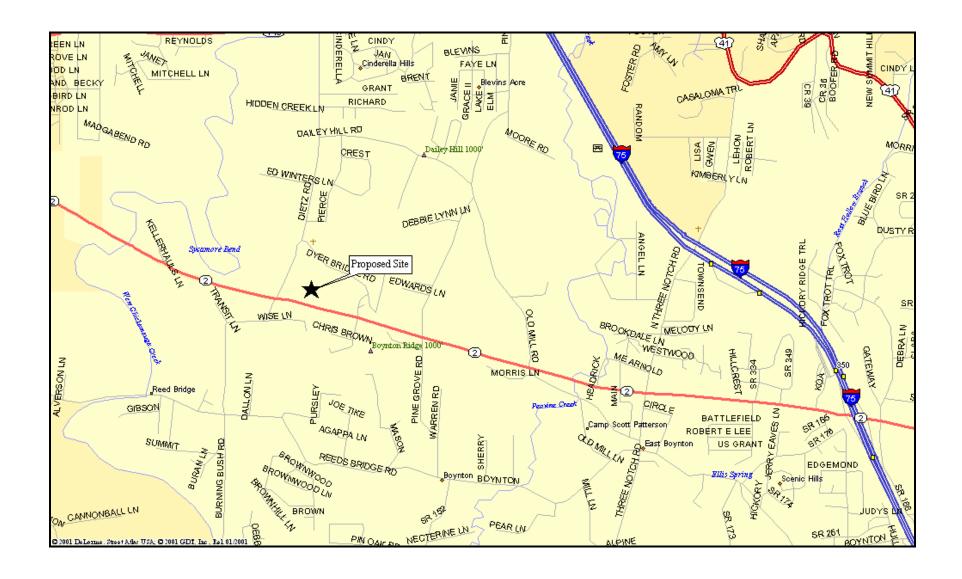
Single-family home on Dyer Bridge Road.



View of small church, opposite site on Dyer Bridge Road.

Map 1 Site Location, Saddle Club





Map 2 Site Amenities, Saddle Club

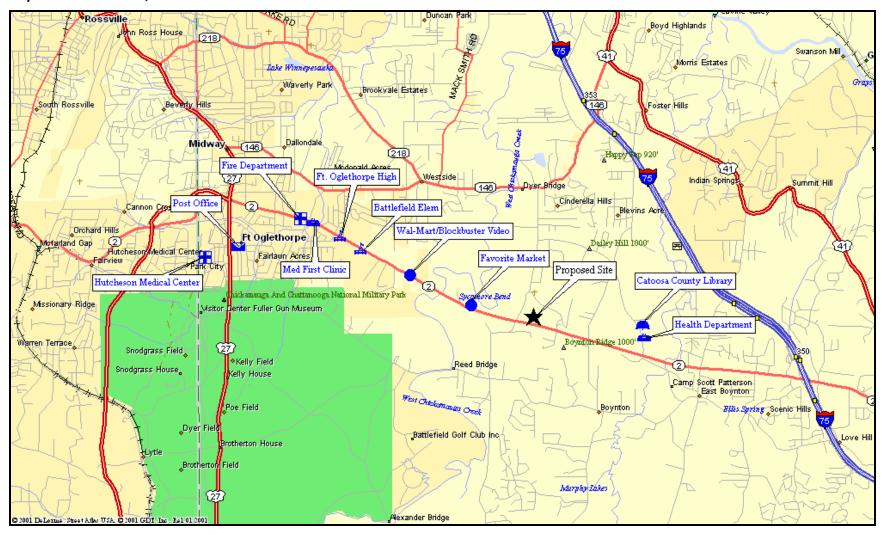


Table 2 Site Amenities, Saddle Club

Establishment	Туре	Address	Distance
Catoosa County Library	Public Library	Old Mill Road	0.4 Mile
Catoosa County Health Dept.	Health Department	Old Mill Road	0.4 Mile
Favorite Market	Convenience Store	3668 Battlefield Pkwy.	0.4 Mile
Blockbuster Video	Movie Rental	2994 Battlefield Pkwy.	1.0 Mile
Wal-Mart SuperCenter	Discount/Grocery Store	3040 Battlefield Pkwy.	1.0 Mile
Battlefield Elementary School	Public School	2206 Battlefield Pkwy.	1.8 Miles
Lakeview - Ft. Oglethorpe High School	Public School	1850 Battlefield Pkwy.	1.9 Miles
Med First Immediate Care	Medical Clinic	1384 Battlefield Parkway	2.6 Miles
Fort Oglethorpe Fire Department	Fire Protection	500 Greenleaf Circle	2.7 Miles
Fort Oglethorpe Post Office	Post Office	100 Forest Road	2.7 Miles
Chickamauga National Military Park	National Park	Highway 27	3.0 Miles
Catoosa County Police	Police	Highway 41, Ringgold	3.9 Miles
Hutchenson Medical Center	Hospital	Gross Crescent Circle	4.0 Miles
Lakeview Middle School	Public School	416 Cross Street, Rossville	4.0 Miles
Catoosa County Fire Department	Fire Protection	5282 Evitt Street, Ringgold	5.4 Miles

The subject site is located on the north side of Highway 2, approximately two miles west of Interstate 75 and three miles east of downtown Fort Oglethorpe. The site will enjoy good visibility from drive-by traffic on Highway 2 in both directions. The proposed site will benefit from the relatively sparsely developed immediate vicinity, however is located within one to two miles of many community amenities.

The newly developed rental community will feature 168 one, two and three bedroom units in fourteen, three-story garden style buildings. The community will also feature a separate community and management building. The proposed one-bedroom units will have 921 square feet, two bedroom units will have 1,135 square feet, and three bedroom units will have 1,361 square feet.

Each of the newly constructed units at Saddle Club will feature:

- Full kitchens including a range, a refrigerator, a dishwasher, a garbage disposal, a pantry, and a microwave oven.
- Wall-to-wall carpeting in the bedrooms, living room, dining room and hallways. The kitchen, entry and bathrooms will feature scuff-resistant vinyl flooring.
- Washer and dryer connections.
- An energy efficient electric central heating and air conditioning system.

Common area amenities will include a community building with recreation areas, management offices, a community laundry facility, an exercise room, and a

computer center. Additional recreational amenities will include a swimming pool and a tot lot.

Table 3 Proposed Unit Configuration and Rents

Unit	AMI		Bulding		Avg.	Net	
Type	Level	Bedrooms	Type	Units	Size	Rent	Rent/Sq Ft
LIHTC	30%	1	Garden	1	921	\$197	\$0.21
LIHTC	30%	2	Garden	3	1,135	\$232	\$0.20
LIHTC	30%	3	Garden	1	1,361	\$257	\$0.19
LIHTC	50%	1	Garden	5	921	\$384	\$0.42
LIHTC	50%	2	Garden	20	1,135	\$457	\$0.40
LIHTC	50%	3	Garden	10	1,361	\$517	\$0.38
LIHTC	60%	1	Garden	13	921	\$460	\$0.50
LIHTC	60%	2	Garden	54	1,135	\$550	\$0.48
LIHTC	60%	3	Garden	27	1,361	\$640	\$0.47
MARKET	80%	1	Garden	5	921	\$460	\$0.50
MARKET	80%	2	Garden	19	1,135	\$550	\$0.48
MARKET	80%	3	Garden	10	1,361	\$640	\$0.47
	Total/Avg.			168	1,169	\$533	\$0.46

B. Neighborhood Characteristics

The Saddle Club rental community will be located approximately three miles southeast of downtown Fort Oglethorpe, Catoosa County. Catoosa County is part of the Chattanooga TN-GA MSA as it borders the state of Tennessee. The county seat, Fort Oglethorpe, is situated approximately two miles south of the state border. The portion of this MSA within the state of Georgia consists of several similarly communities. These communities include Fort Oglethorpe, Rossville, and Ringgold.

The cities of Fort Oglethorpe and Rossville are fairly densely developed. The cities are bordered to the north by the state of Tennessee, to the south by Chickamauga National Military Park, and west by fairly rugged mountainous terrain. As a result of these boundaries, the majority of the development in the area has occurred to the east along Highway 2.

A moderate amount development has occurred over the past ten to fifteen years in the city of Fort Oglethorpe. This development has included both commercial and residential uses.

C. Shopping

The largest concentration of retail establishments in Catoosa County is located along Highway 2 east of its intersection with Highway 27. The closet shopping center to the proposed site is the Battlefield Station Shopping Center, which is anchored by a Wal-Mart SuperCenter. Additional retail establishments and restaurants in this shopping center include Fazolies, Blockbuster Video, Taco Bell, Dollar Tree, Fashion Bug, Hibbett Sports, Sally Beauty Supply, and Great Clips. This shopping center is located approximately one mile west of the subject site on Highway 2.

The closest retail establishments to the proposed site include several convenience stores less than one mile of the subject site.



Wal-Mart SuperCenter.

D. Medical

The closest major medical center to the proposed site is Hutcheson Medical Center, which offers a variety of medical care including 24-hour emergency medicine and general practice. Hutcheson Medical Center is located within approximately 3.5 miles of the subject site on Gross Crescent Circle.

Additional medical facilities in Fort Oglethorpe include several smaller clinics and the Catoosa County Health Department. Several of these medical centers are located within three miles of the subject site. The health department is located within approximately one half mile of the subject site.



Catoosa County Health Department.

E. Schools

Catoosa County Schools are comprised of one primary school, seven elementary schools, two middle schools, two comprehensive high schools, and one alternative school. Battlefield Elementary, Cloud Springs Elementary, and Ringgold Middle have been honored as Georgia Schools of Excellence. Boynton Elementary, Graysville Elementary, and Lakeview-Ft. Oglethorpe High have been recognized as both State and National Blue Ribbon Schools.

The closest public schools to the proposed site include Battlefield Elementary School (1.8 miles from site), Lakeview Middle School (4.0 miles from site), and Lakeview-Fort Oglethorpe High School (1.9 miles from site).

Northwest Georgia and southern Tennessee are home to many colleges and universities. Examples of those located within 50 miles of Fort Oglethorpe include Dalton State University, Berry College, Shorter College, the University of Tennessee-Chattanooga, and Tennessee Wesleyan College.



Battlefield Elementary School

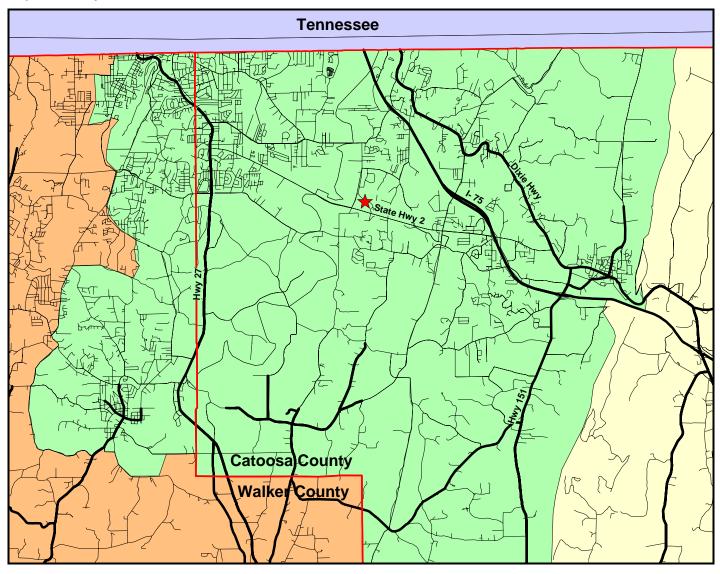
The primary market area for Saddle Club Apartments comprises the community of Fort Oglethorpe and similar sized communities in the northwest region of the state including Rossville and Ringgold. The approximate boundaries of the primary market area are Tennessee to the north (3.25 miles), Highway 234 on the eastern edge of Ringgold to the east (6.07 miles), a line south of and parallel to Highway 2207 to the south (5.76 miles/11.4 miles) and Mission Ridge Road to the west (5.47 miles). The size and shape of the market area was impacted by the relatively large size and shape of the census tracts in this area of the state, especially to the south. Given the sparsely populated nature of this region of northwest Georgia, the inclusion of some of these larger census tracts within the PMA does not unduly influence the demand estimates for the proposed development.

Demographic data on the Tri-County Market Area, defined as a combination of Catoosa, Dade and Walker Counties, is included for comparison purposes. Demand estimates will be shown only for the primary market area.

The primary market area includes year 2000 census tracts 0302, 0304.02, 0305, 0306, 0201, 0202, 0307, 0304.01, 0303, and 0205.01. A map of this market area is shown on page 18.

According to property managers of existing rental communities, tenants come from all over northwest Georgia, however primarily within ten miles of the subject property primarily from the cities of Fort Oglethorpe, Ringgold, and Rossville. These property managers indicated that the proposed development will be able to attract tenants from throughout the primary market area. Although it is possible that the proposed development may attract some tenants from Tennessee, demand from outside the state is not considered in the demand estimates for Saddle Club. The propensity of householders to move from one state to another based on the availability of new housing options is difficult to estimate.

Map 3 Primary Market Area



A. Economic Context

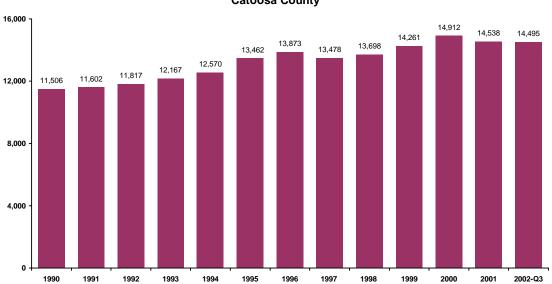
Total at place employment has increased steadily within Catoosa County since 1990 (Table 4). In 2001, employment had reached 14,538 as job growth averaged over 250 jobs annually since 1990. Overall, the county has experienced a net increase of over 3,000 jobs or 26 percent since 1990. Total at-place employment increased nine of ten years between 1990 and 2000. Similar to national trends, Catoosa County has experienced an economic downturn over the past two years as 2001 and the first three quarters of 2002 experienced a net loss in jobs. On a percentage basis, job growth in Catoosa County has been just below the national employment growth over the last five years of the previous decade (Table 6).

The labor force in Catoosa County has grown steadily over the past 13 years. Catoosa County's labor force has increased each year since 1990, including preliminary figures for April of this year (Table 5).

During the same period, unemployment rates in Catoosa County have remained lower than the unemployment rates in the state of Georgia, while following similar trends. Unemployment in the county has fluctuated over the past 13 years, however the predominate trend has been decline. Between 1990 and 2002, the unemployment rate decreased six years, remained unchanged three years, and increased during three years. The overall unemployment rate has decreased significantly from the decade high of 6.0 percent in 1992, as the year-end unemployment rate in 2002 was 3.0 percent. The unemployment rate in Catoosa County increased 0.5 percentage point in 2002, compared to a 0.6 and 0.9 percentage point increases in Georgia and the United States, respectively. During the first four months of 2003, Catoosa County's unemployment rate has decreased by nearly a full percentage point and Georgia's has decreased by 0.2 percentage point. The nation's unemployment increased 0.1 percentage point. Thus, the reduction of jobs in the area has not had an undue influence in the area's unemployment rate.

Table 4 At Place Employment, Catoosa County 1990-2002





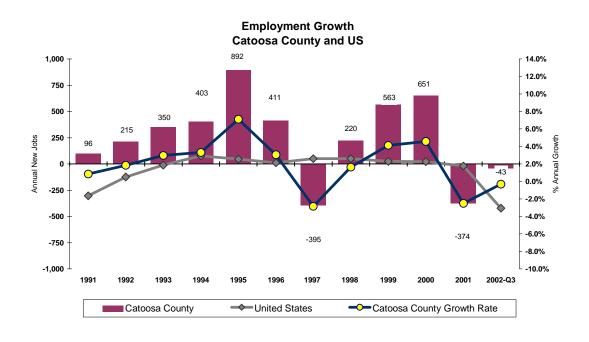
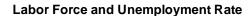
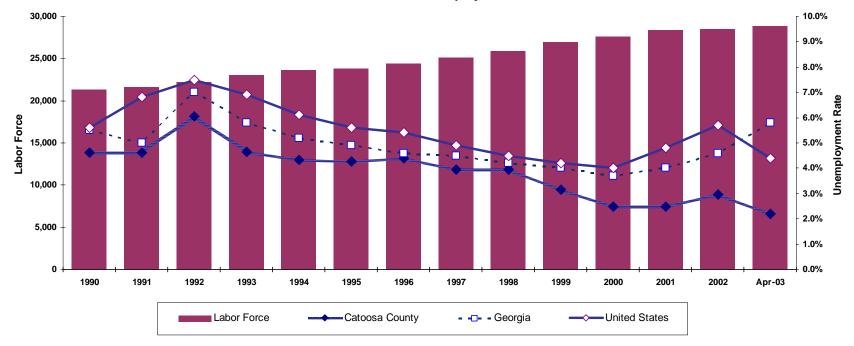


Table 5 Labor Force and Unemployment Rates, Catoosa County

	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Apr-03
Labor Force	21,351	21,545	22,144	23,013	23,623	23,821	24,349	25,142	25,936	26,947	27,564	28,332	28,444	28,880
Employmement	20,362	20,548	20,806	21,945	22,599	22,804	23,281	24,146	24,912	26,097	26,878	27,626	27,599	28,240
Unemployment	989	997	1,338	1,068	1,024	1,017	1,068	996	1,024	850	686	706	845	640
Unemployment Rate														
Catoosa County	4.6%	4.6%	6.0%	4.6%	4.3%	4.3%	4.4%	4.0%	3.9%	3.2%	2.5%	2.5%	3.0%	2.2%
Georgia	5.5%	5.0%	7.0%	5.8%	5.2%	4.9%	4.6%	4.5%	4.2%	4.0%	3.7%	4.0%	4.6%	5.8%
United States	5.6%	6.8%	7.5%	6.9%	6.1%	5.6%	5.4%	4.9%	4.5%	4.2%	4.0%	4.8%	5.7%	4.4%
•														

Source: Georgia Department of Labor Licensing and Regulation

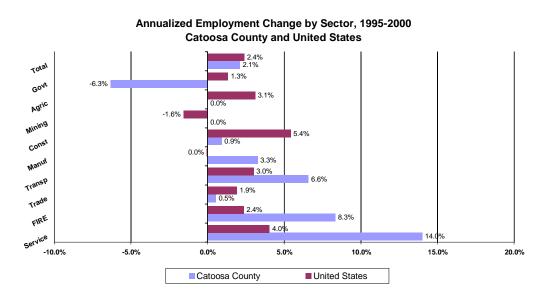




Compared to the nation, Catoosa County has a higher proportion of jobs in the manufacturing and trade sectors of the economy and a smaller proportion in all other sectors. At-place employment figures indicate that the service sector's employment growth is fueling Catoosa County's economy. The service sector of the economy is the third largest sector in terms of total employment and has experienced the fastest annual rate of growth, 14 percent. The larger manufacturing and trade sectors increased at modest annual rates of 3.3 percent and 0.5 percent respectively (Table 6). Large sectors with moderate growth rates have a larger impact on the area's economic growth than small sectors with rapid growth rates.

Employment by Sector Catoosa County and United States 2.4% 30.6% Manuf 5.2% 2.5% Transp 23.39 FIRE 3.1% 5.0% 10.0% 20.0% 25.0% 30.0% 35.0% 0.0% 15.0% Catoosa County ■ United States

Table 6 Employment by Sector, Catoosa County 1995-2000



22

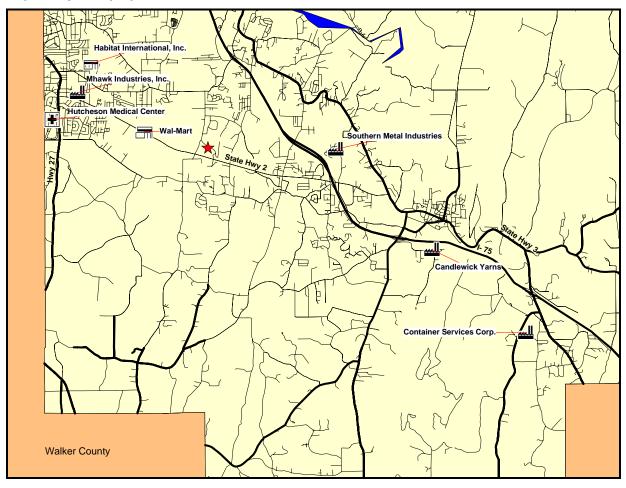
Major employers in Catoosa County include several manufacturers with a workforce of 100 to 1,000. As show previously, manufacturing is the largest sector of total employment in Catoosa County. In addition to the manufacturing firms, major employers include retail establishments, government entities, healthcare providers and the public school system. All of the major employers in Catoosa County are located within ten mile of the subject site. Its location near Highways 2 and 27, as well as Interstate 75, results in the site have convenient access to these employment centers.

Table 7 Major Employers, Catoosa County

Employer	Location
Candlewick Yarns	Ringgold
Catoosa County Government	Ringgold
Container Service Corporation	Ringgold
Fort Oglethorpe Government	Fort Oglethorpe
Habitat International	Rossville
Hutcheson Medical Center	Fort Oglethorpe
Lakeview - Ft. Oglethorpe High School	Fort Oglethorpe
Mohawk Industries	Fort Oglethorpe
SI Corporation	Ringgold
Southern Industrial Fabrics	Rossville
Southern Metal Industries	Ringgold
Wal-Mart SuperCenter	Fort Oglethorpe
Source: Catoosa County Chamber of Commerce	

The stable economic conditions in Catoosa County indicate that the calculated demand estimates and capture rates will be achievable independent of market conditions. The current economics of the area will not prevent the proposed development from achieving the calculated capture rates.

Map 4 Major Employers



B. Growth Trends

The population and household statistics for the primary market area and the Tri-County Market Area are based on the 1990 and 2000 Census counts, and growth rates derived by Claritas, Inc., a national data vendor. The Claritas growth rates have been applied to the 2000 Census totals for both the primary market area and the Tri-County Market Area.

The primary market area's 2000 population represents an increase of 8,409 persons or 15.1 percent from the 1990 Census count. At 13.6 percent, the rate of increase of the Tri-County Market Area's population has been lower during the same time period. From 2000 to 2005, the total population in the primary market area is expected to increase by 4,402 or 6.9 percent. The Tri-County Market Area's population is expected to increase at a slower pace for an increase of 5.7 percent or 13,723 people during the same five-year time period.

Based on 1990 and 2000 Census data, the PMA experienced an increase of 4,033 households, while the Tri-County Market Area increased by a total of 7,560 households (Table 8). This change equates to a 19.3 percent increase in the primary market area compared to an 18 percent increase in the Tri-County Market Area. The annual compounded rates of household growth were 1.8 percent in the PMA and 1.7 percent in the Tri-County Market Area.

Projections show that the PMA's household count is expected to increase by 2,106 or 8.4 percent by 2005 compared to an increase of 3,656 households or 7.4 percent in the Tri-County Market Area. Annual increases are projected to be 421 households or 1.6 percent in the primary market area and 731 households or 1.4 percent in the Tri-County Market Area.

In 1990, the primary market area contained 49.7 percent of the total households in the Tri-County Market Area. Accounting for 53 percent of the Tri-County Market Area's household growth between 1990 and 2000, the PMA's 2000 household county represented 50.3 percent of the Tri-County Market Area's total. The projected growth for the PMA continues this trend as 57 percent of the household growth through 2005 in the Tri-County Market Area is expect to occur in the primary market area.

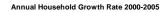
Table 8 Trends in Population and Households, PMA and Tri-County Market Area

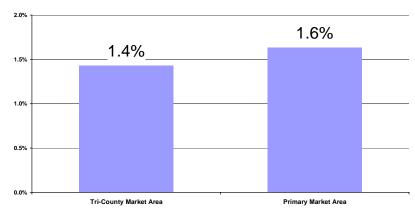
				С	hange 199	0 to 2000		Change 2000 to 2005					
Tri-County Market	. Area		То	tal	Anı	nual	To	otal		Annual			
-	1990	2000	2005	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%		
Population	113,951	129,489	136,847	15,538	13.6%	1,554	1.3%	7,358	5.7%	1,472	1.1%		
Group Quarters	1,756	2,190	2,190										
Households	42,103	49,663	53,319	7,560	18.0%	756	1.7%	3,656	7.4%	731	1.4%		
Average HH Size	2.66	2.56	2.53										

				Change 2000 to 2005							
Primary Market Ar	ea		To	Total Annual			To	otal	Annual		
-	1990	2000	2005	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Population	55,534	63,943	68,345	8,409	15.1%	841	1.4%	4,402	6.9%	880	1.3%
Group Quarters	527	618	621								
Households	20,934	24,967	27,073	4,033	19.3%	403	1.8%	2,106	8.4%	421	1.6%
Average HH Size	2.63	2.54	2.50								

Note: Annual change is compounded rate.

Source: 1990 and 2000 - 1990 and 2000 Censuses of Population and Housing; Projections, RPRG Estimates





Building permit data reported in the U.S. Census Bureau's C-40 Report indicates that moderate building permit activity occurred during the past decade (Table 9). Building permit data show that an average of 555 units was permitted per year from 1994 through 2002. Data on all jurisdictions was not available prior to 1994. Permit activity has remained constant throughout the past nine years.

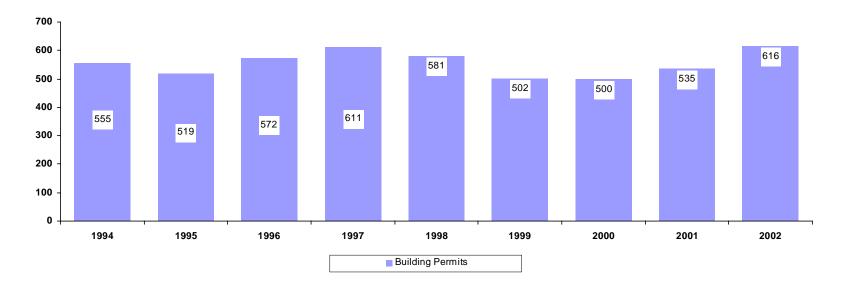
Table 9 Catoosa County Building Permits, 1990 - 2002

Catoosa County

carees county											
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	1990-2002	Annual
Single Family	512	519	567	491	478	385	410	431	509	4,329	478
Two Family	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
3 - 4 Family	3	0	0	24	22	31	24	39	39	226	20
5 or more Family	40	0	5	96	81	86	66	65	68	527	56
Total	555	519	572	611	581	502	500	535	616	5,088	555

Source: US Census Bureau, C-40 Building Permit Reports

Total Housing Units Permitted 1994 - 2002



C. Demographic Characteristics

The age distribution of the primary market area and the Tri-County Market Area have strong similarities. Among the 11 age cohorts, the largest differential between the two geographies was 0.5 percentage point. The majority of the age classifications were separated by less than 0.3 percentage point. The primary market area has a slightly higher percentage of its residents under the age of 10, between 25 and 44 years old and age 65 and older. Renters are most common among householders age 25 to 44 years of age. This age grouping accounts for 29.9 percent of the PMA's population and 29.5 percent of the Tri-County Market Area's population (Table 10).

In terms of household types (Table 11), the primary market area has a lower percentage of married households with 58.3 percent compared to 59.6 percent in the Tri-County Market Area. The two areas have the same percentage of households with children present, 33.8. The primary market area has a slightly higher percentage of families without children and single person households.

Table 10 2000 Age Distribution

	Tri-Count	y Market Area	Primary I	Market Area
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 10 years	17,778	13.7%	8,942	14.0%
10-17 years	14,707	11.4%	7,137	11.2%
18-24 years	11,412	8.8%	5,324	8.3%
25-34 years	17,855	13.8%	9,044	14.1%
35-44 years	20,376	15.7%	10,097	15.8%
45-54 years	17,866	13.8%	8,585	13.4%
55-59 years	9,441	7.3%	4,581	7.2%
60-64 years	3,473	2.7%	1,750	2.7%
65-69 years	5,165	4.0%	2,662	4.2%
70-74 years	4,381	3.4%	2,207	3.5%
75 and older	7,035	5.4%	3,614	5.7%
TOTAL	129,489	100.0%	63,943	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census of Population and Housing, 2000.

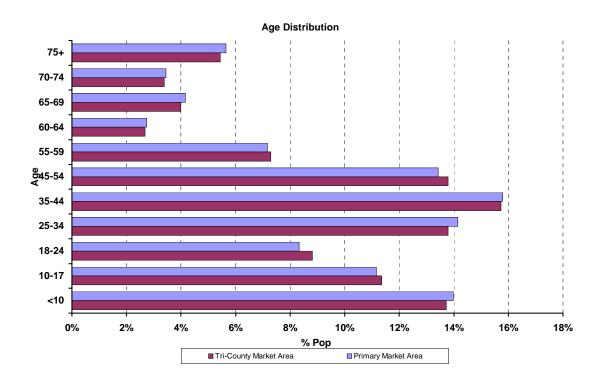
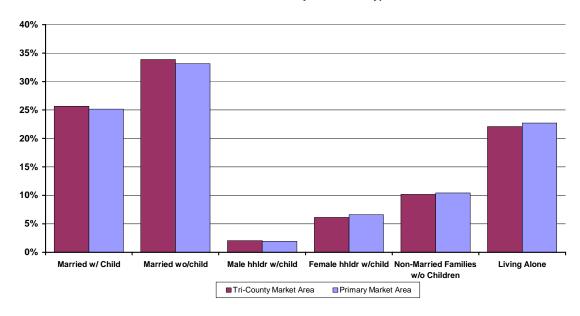


Table 11 2000 Households by Household Type

	Tri-County Market Area		Primary I	Market Area
	#	%	#	%
Married w/ Child	12,743	25.7%	6,280	25.2%
Married wo/child	16,819	33.9%	8,276	33.1%
Male hhldr w/child	1,008	2.0%	487	2.0%
Female hhldr w/child	3,044	6.1%	1,648	6.6%
Non-Married				
Families w/o	5,068	10.2%	2,607	10.4%
Children				
Living Alone	10,981	22.1%	5,669	22.7%
Total	49,663	100.0%	24,967	100.0%

Source: 2000 Census

Households by Household Type



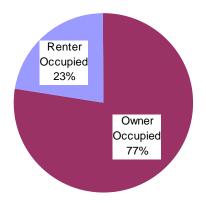
The primary market area and the Tri-County Market Area have a similar percentage of households that rent. In 2000, 24.6 percent of the householders in the PMA were renters (Table 12). In comparison, 22.6 percent of the Tri-County Market Area householders rented.

Table 12 Dwelling Units by Occupancy Status

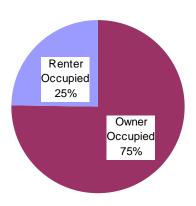
	Tri-County	Market Area	Primary Market Area		
2000 Households	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Owner Occupied	38,425	77.4%	18,817	75.4%	
Renter Occupied	11,238	22.6%	6,150	24.6%	
Total Occupied	49,663	100.0%	24,967	100.0%	

Source: 2000 Census

Tri-County Market Area



Primary Market Area



Comparing the age of householders by tenure reveals the similarities with the overall age distribution between the two geographies. The primary market area has a higher or equal percentage of its owner occupied householders in the older age brackets (65+), while the Tri-County Market Area has a higher percentage in 4 of the 5 age cohorts under age 65 (Table 13). For renter occupied households, the difference is more defined. The primary market area has a greater percentage of its householders age 25-34 years and a smaller percentage in the remainder of the age classifications.

Table 13 2000 Households by Tenure & Age of Householder

Owner Households	Tri-County I	Tri-County Market Area		arket Area
Age of HHldr	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
15-24 years	867	2.3%	382	2.0%
25-34 years	5,284	13.8%	2,582	13.7%
35-44 years	8,197	21.3%	4,053	21.5%
45-54 years	8,233	21.4%	3,898	20.7%
55-64 years	6,651	17.3%	3,227	17.1%
65-74 years	5,353	13.9%	2,723	14.5%
75 to 84 years	3,095	8.1%	1,591	8.5%
85+ years	745	1.9%	361	1.9%
Total	38,425	100%	18,817	100%

Renter Households	Tri-County I	Tri-County Market Area		arket Area
Age of HHldr	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
15-24 years	1,468	13.1%	805	13.1%
25-34 years	2,988	26.6%	1,713	27.9%
35-44 years	2,523	22.5%	1,355	22.0%
45-54 years	1,653	14.7%	913	14.8%
55-64 years	1,014	9.0%	550	8.9%
65-74 years	806	7.2%	424	6.9%
75 to 84 years	596	5.3%	290	4.7%
85+ years	190	1.7%	100	1.6%
Total	11,238	100%	6,150	100%

Source: 2000 Census

D. Income Characteristics

Census data indicates that the 1999 median household income for the primary market area was \$37,382, 3.6 percent higher than the \$36,079 median income in the Tri-County Market Area (Table 14). Nearly one quarter (24.9 percent) of the householders in the primary market area had an income of less than \$20,000. In the Tri-County Market Area, 25.6 percent are similarly classified. The primary market area has a higher percentage of its householders in all income cohorts between \$60,000 and \$150,000. The two areas have the same percentage in each of the cohorts from \$30,000 to \$50,000 and over \$150,000. Over twenty-one percent of primary market area householders earn

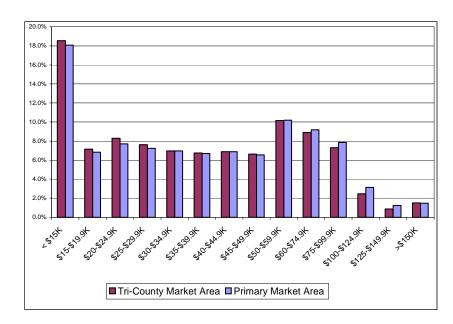
between \$15,000 and \$30,000, the general income range to be targeted by the proposed LIHTC rental units. The Tri-County Market Area has 23 percent earning within this range.

Table 14 1999 Household Income Distribution, Primary Market Area

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Tri-County Market Area		Primary Marl	ket Area
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
less than	\$15,000	9,223	18.5%	4,518	18.1%
\$15,000	\$19,999	3,554	7.1%	1,707	6.8%
\$20,000	\$24,999	4,118	8.3%	1,927	7.7%
\$25,000	\$29,999	3,790	7.6%	1,807	7.2%
\$30,000	\$34,999	3,469	7.0%	1,743	7.0%
\$35,000	\$39,999	3,355	6.7%	1,676	6.7%
\$40,000	\$44,999	3,429	6.9%	1,720	6.9%
\$45,000	\$49,999	3,292	6.6%	1,639	6.6%
\$50,000	\$59,999	5,060	10.2%	2,544	10.2%
\$60,000	\$74,999	4,426	8.9%	2,297	9.2%
\$75,000	\$99,999	3,640	7.3%	1,964	7.9%
\$100,000	\$124,999	1,216	2.4%	782	3.1%
\$125,000	\$149,999	438	0.9%	309	1.2%
\$150,000	over	746	1.5%	368	1.5%
Total		49,756	100.0%	25,001	100.0%

Median Income \$36,079 \$37,382

Source: U.S. Census of Population and Housing, 2000



The similarity in the overall median income between the two market areas is mirrored in both owner occupied and renter occupied householder income levels. The median income

among renter householders is \$23,708 in the primary market area and \$23,181 in the Tri-County Market Area (Table 15). The median income for owner householders is \$44,296 in the primary market area and \$42,991 in the Tri-County Market Area (Table 16).

Table 15 1999 Renter Household Income Distribution

	Tri-County	Tri-County Market Area		larket Area
	#	%		
Less than \$10,000	2,321	21.4%	1,234	20.2%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	2,467	22.8%	1,418	23.2%
\$20,000 to \$34,999	2,959	27.3%	1,616	26.5%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,800	16.6%	1,021	16.7%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	923	8.5%	573	9.4%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	264	2.4%	159	2.6%
\$100,000 or more	97	0.9%	82	1.3%
TOTAL	10,831	100.0%	6,103	100.0%
Median Income	\$23	\$23,181		,708

Source: U.S. Census of Population and Housing, 2000

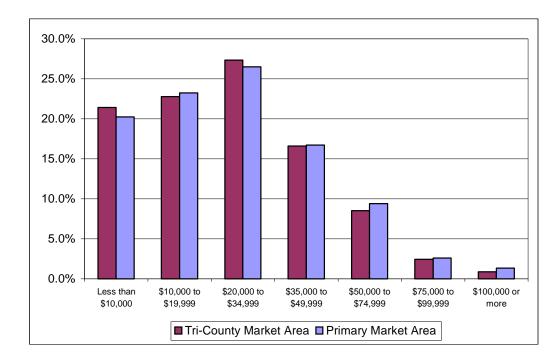
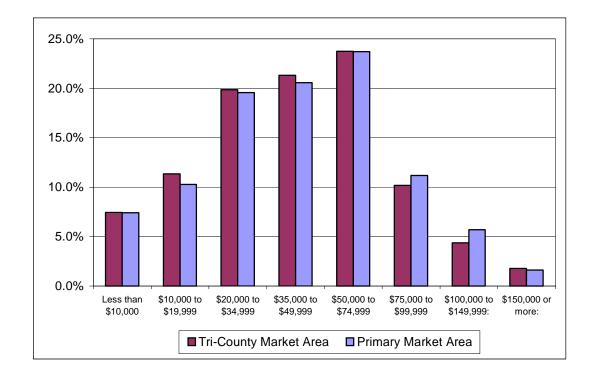


Table 16 1999 Owner Occuppied Household Income Distribution

	Tri-County Market Area		Primary Market Area	
	#	%		
Less than \$10,000	2,097	7.4%	1,140	7.4%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3,209	11.4%	1,582	10.3%
\$20,000 to \$34,999	5,608	19.9%	3,008	19.6%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	6,015	21.3%	3,165	20.6%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6,704	23.7%	3,647	23.7%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,873	10.2%	1,719	11.2%
\$100,000 to \$149,999:	1,232	4.4%	875	5.7%
\$150,000 or more:	499	1.8%	247	1.6%
TOTAL	28,237	100.0%	15,383	100.0%
Median Income	\$42,991		\$44,	296

Source: U.S. Census of Population and Housing, 2000



According to the census distribution, 31.8 percent of renter householders in the primary market area spend more than 35 percent of their income on rent (Table 17). By definition of DCA's market study requirements, these renter households are rent over burdened.

Table 17 Cost Burdened Renter Households, Primary Market Area

Total Households		
Less than 10.0 percent	329	5.4%
10.0 to 14.9 percent	899	14.7%
15.0 to 19.9 percent	960	15.7%
20.0 to 24.9 percent	621	10.2%
25.0 to 29.9 percent	455	7.5%
30.0 to 34.9 percent	369	6.0%
35.0 to 39.9 percent	413	6.8%
40.0 to 49.9 percent	490	8.0%
50.0 percent or more	790	12.9%
Not computed	777	12.7%
Total	6,103	100.0%
> 35% income on rent	1,693	31.8%

V. Supply Analysis

A. Area Housing Stock

Rental development in the primary market area is consistent with the overall development in the Tri-County Market Area in terms of density (Table 18). Half of the rental stock in both areas are in single-family detached, attached or duplex houses. The primary market area has 7.9 percent of its rental units in structures with 10 or more units compared to 6.4 percent in the Tri-County Market Area. The Tri-County Market Area has a higher percentage of its rental units in single family detached homes and mobile homes than the primary market area, which is expected given its more rural composition.

Table 18 2000 Renter Households by Number of Units

	Tri-County	Market Area	Primary M	/larket Area
Renter Occupied	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1, detached	4,853	43.2%	2,588	42.0%
1, attached	185	1.6%	113	1.8%
2	1,258	11.2%	712	11.6%
3-4	803	7.2%	525	8.5%
5-9	1,037	9.2%	704	11.4%
10-19	319	2.8%	236	3.8%
20+ units	406	3.6%	252	4.1%
Mobile home	2,352	20.9%	1,027	16.7%
Boat, RV, Van	14	0.1%	0	0.0%
TOTAL	11,227	100.0%	6,157	100.0%

The rent distribution from the 2000 Census shows that the median rent is \$386 in the primary market area and \$362 in the Tri-County Market Area (Table 19). According to this distribution, 36 percent of renter householders in the primary market area paid a monthly contract rent between \$400 and \$600, the range in which the majority of the units at Saddle Club are priced. In comparison, 32.7 percent of renters in the Tri-County Market Area paid between \$400 and \$600.

The median year built among owner occupied housing units is 1974 in the primary market area and 1975 in the Tri-County Market Area. The median year built among renter occupied households is 1973 for the primary market area and 1974 for Tri-County Market Area. According to the 2000 Census, 18.9 percent of the rental

units in the primary market area and 16.9 percent of the Tri-County Market Area's rental units were built between 1990 and 2000.

Table 19 2000 Census Rent Distribution.

	Tri-County	Market Area	Primary M	arket Area
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Less than \$200	1,079	11.4%	543	10.0%
\$200 to \$299	1,663	17.5%	671	12.3%
\$300 to \$399	2,910	30.7%	1,728	31.7%
\$400 to \$499	2,532	26.7%	1,573	28.8%
\$500 to \$599	568	6.0%	389	7.1%
\$600 to \$699	466	4.9%	347	6.4%
\$700 to \$799	131	1.4%	98	1.8%
\$800 and over	130	1.4%	108	2.0%
TOTAL	9,479	100.0%	5,457	100.0%
Median Rent	\$30	62	\$3	86
Renters paying rent	9,479	87.5%	5,457	89.4%
No cash rent	1,352	12.5%	646	10.6%
Total Renters	10,831	100.0%	6,103	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census of Population and Housing, 2000, STF3.

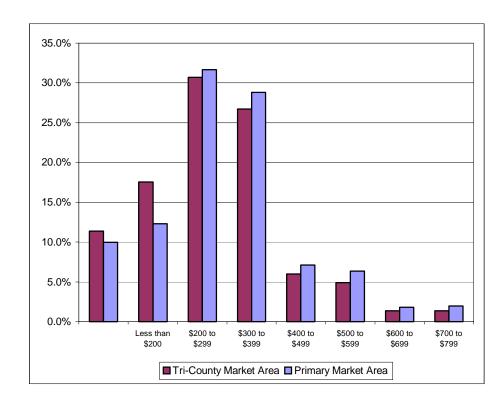


Table 20 Year Property Built

	Tri-County	Market Area	Primary N	larket Area
Owner Occupied	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1999 to 2000	1,290	3.4%	584	3.1%
1995 to 1998	4,523	11.8%	2,326	12.4%
1990 to 1994	4,156	10.8%	2,063	11.0%
1980 to 1989	5,923	15.4%	2,730	14.5%
1970 to 1979	7,265	18.9%	3,341	17.8%
1960 to 1969	5,769	15.0%	2,920	15.5%
1950 to 1959	4,499	11.7%	2,424	12.9%
1940 to 1949	2,580	6.7%	1,354	7.2%
1939 or earlier	2,431	6.3%	1,068	5.7%
TOTAL	38,436	100.0%	18,810	100.0%
MEDIAN YEAR BUILT	1975		1974	•

Source: U.S. Census of Population and Housing, 2000, STF3.

	Tri-County	Market Area	Primary I	Market Area
Renter Occupied	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1999 to 2000	184	1.6%	120	1.9%
1995 to 1998	842	7.5%	665	10.8%
1990 to 1994	871	7.8%	379	6.2%
1980 to 1989	2,180	19.4%	1,031	16.7%
1970 to 1979	2,551	22.7%	1,388	22.5%
1960 to 1969	1,637	14.6%	955	15.5%
1950 to 1959	1,339	11.9%	850	13.8%
1940 to 1949	823	7.3%	443	7.2%
1939 or earlier	800	7.1%	326	5.3%
TOTAL	11,227	100.0%	6,157	100.0%
MEDIAN YEAR BUILT	1974 1973		973	

Source: U.S. Census of Population and Housing, 2000, STF3.

A housing unit is considered to be "substandard" if it meets one of two criteria. These criteria are overcrowded, which is defined as 1.01 or more persons per room, or lacking complete plumbing facilities. In the primary market area, only 1.83 percent of the housing units meet one or both of these criteria (Table 21).

Table 21 Substandard Housing Units

2000 Households	
Owner occupied:	
Complete plumbing facilities:	18,780
1.00 or less occupants per room	18,552
1.01 or more occupants per room	178
Lacking complete plumbing facilities:	50
Overcrowded or lacking plumbing	228
Renter occupied: Complete plumbing facilities: 1.00 or less occupants per room 1.01 or more occupants per room Lacking complete plumbing facilities:	6,136 5,906 190 40
Overcrowded or lacking plumbing	230
Substandard Housing Percent of Housing Stock Substandard	458 1.83%

B. Rental Market

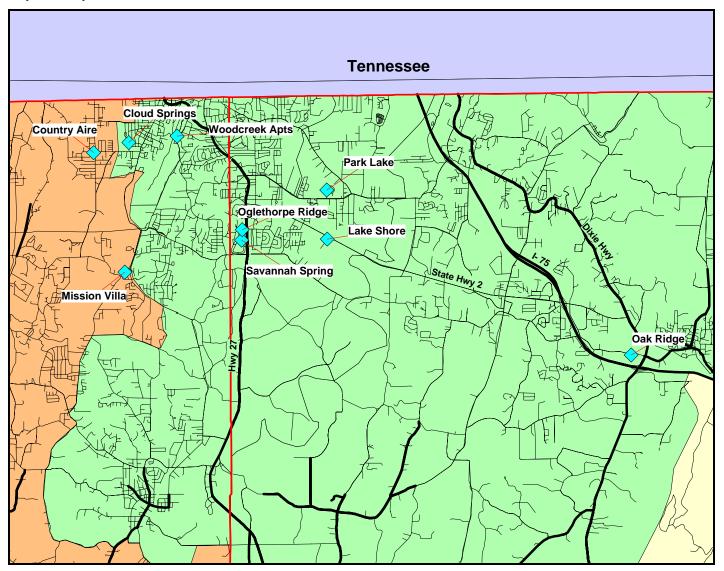
As part of this analysis, Real Property Research Group, Inc. surveyed 9 rental communities in the primary market area. Two of the surveyed communities, Oak Ridge and Oglethorpe Ridge, are LIHTC communities. A profile sheet of each community is attached as Appendix 5 Community Photos and Profiles. The location of each community is shown on Map 5.

The 9 rental communities surveyed account for 851 dwelling units (Table 22). Six of the communities offer all garden style units and three offer all townhouse units. Most buildings are two to three stories in height. There is a wide range in building quality, which is generally proportionate with the age and price point of the community. The newer and larger communities generally feature more attractive exterior features including dormers and gables, varied roof lines, stone and/or brick accents, extensive landscaping, etc.

The multifamily rental stock in the primary market area is relatively young. The average age of the 6 rental communities providing this data is 14 years. The two newest communities were built in 1998. Of the remaining seven properties, one was built in 1990, two were built in the 1980's, and one was built in the 1970's.

Among the 703 units in the 9 surveyed communities, 26 were reported vacant for a rate of 3.7 percent. Three of the communities have a vacancy rate above 5 percent and the remaining six properties have a vacancy rate of 3.3 percent or less. Among the smaller communities in the primary market area, vacancy rates may sometime be misleading as the total number of units is generally less than 100 units. For example, the 7.5 percent vacant rate at Oak Ridge is a result of 3 vacancies among 40 total units. According to DCA's 2003 Market Study Guide, stabilization is achieved at 90 percent occupancy. In general, a strong market has fewer than 5 percent of its units vacant. The primary market area's vacancy rate of less than four percent is positioned well below these two benchmarks.

Map 5 Competitive Rental Communities



43

Table 22 Rental Summary

						(1)	(1)
Community	Year Built	Structure Type	Total Units	Vacant Units	Vacancy Rate	Average 1BR Rent	Average 2BR Rent
Subject Site (30%)		Garden	5			\$197	\$232
Subject Site (50%)		Garden	35			\$384	\$457
Subject Site (60%)		Garden	94			\$460	\$550
Subject Site (Market)		Garden	34			\$460	\$550
Savannah Springs	1998	Townhouse	103	0	0.0%	\$438	\$600
Lake Shore	1990	Townhouse	153	1	0.7%	\$455	\$584
Cloud Springs	1976	Townhouse	44	1	2.3%		\$525
Park Lake	1986	Garden	120	4	3.3%	\$398	\$525
Woodcreek Apartments		Garden	52	4	7.7%	\$400	\$500
Oak Ridge		Garden	40	3	7.5%	\$401	\$440
Mission Villa		Garden	32	1	3.1%	\$318	\$398
Oglethrope Ridge		Garden	97	3	3.1%	\$410	
Country Aire Apartments	1984	Garden	62	9	14.5%	\$460	
Total/Average	1987		703	26	3.7%	\$410	\$510

(1) Rent is gross rent, and not adjusted for utilities or incentives

The majority of the rental communities in the primary market area offer few common area amenities (Table 23). One property offers a community room, four offer a swimming pool, and three offer a playground. Five of the 9 properties offer no recreational amenities, one offers one amenity, another offers two amenities, and two offer three amenities. The number of recreational amenities is generally proportionate to the rent level of the community. The proposed amenities at Saddle Club will surpass all of the existing communities in the market area. The amenities will include a community building with gathering areas, an exercise room, and a computer lab. Additional recreational amenities will include a swimming pool, and a tot-lot.

The majority (5) of the 9 surveyed communities include the cost of water, sewer and trash removal (Table 24). Four of the remaining communities include only the cost of trash removal. Dishwashers are present at 5 of 9 of the surveyed communities and garbage disposals are included at many. Two communities include a microwave in each kitchen. The majority of the properties offer patios or balconies in most or all units and all offer community laundry facilities. Six communities include washer and dryer connections in each unit and one offers a washer and dryer in its units.

Among the 9 properties surveyed, one bedroom units are the most common, as they are offered at 8 of the 9 communities. Two bedroom units are offered at 7 communities and three bedroom units are present at only three. Based on the unit distribution among these surveyed communities, 60 percent are one bedroom units, 23 percent are two bedroom units, and 17 percent are three bedroom units.

None of the surveyed rental communities are currently offering rental incentives. The street rents at the existing communities are adjusted to account for the cost of utilities. The average net rent among the surveyed communities is \$412 for a one bedroom unit, \$514 for a two bedroom unit, and \$567 for a three bedroom unit. The average square footages are 659, 1,089, and 1,233 for the one, two and three bedroom units respectively. The proposed 30 percent and 50 percent rents at Saddle Club are lower than these average rents for 5 of 6 floorplans with the sixth floorplan being only \$4 above the average. The proposed square footages at Saddle Club are

larger than the average for all floorplans. The proposed rents will be accompanied by new construction, larger units, extensive amenities and an attractive location.

The proposed rents among for the 60% LIHTC units are similar to the proposed market rate rents. These rents are higher than the average among all existing communities, but competitive to the more comparable communities including Oglethorpe Ridge, Park Lake and Savannah Springs. The price per square foot shows that the proposed rents are lower than the overall average for one bedroom units and within \$0.01 of the two and three bedroom units. The proposed rent are appropriate and achievable given the proposed location and product to be constructed.

Table 23 Common Area Amenities of Surveyed Communities

Community	Clubhouse	Fitness Room	Pool	Playground
Community	Glabiloaco	Room	. 00.	- laygrouna
Subject Site	X	X	X	X
Cloud Springs				
Country Aire Apartments				
Lake Shore				
Mission Villa				
Oak Ridge				
Oglethrope Ridge	X		X	X
Park Lake	X		X	X
Savannah Springs			X	X
Woodcreek Apartments			X	

Table 24 Features of Rental Communities in Primary Market Area

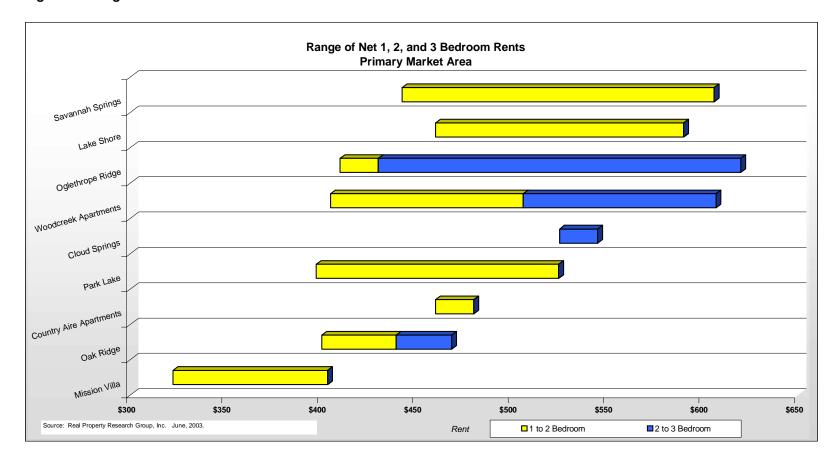
				ilities inclu	uded in Re	ent			1		
Community	Heat Type	Heat	Hot Water	Cooking	Electric	Water	Trash	Dishwasher	Microwave	Parking	In Unit Laundry
Subject Site	Electric						X	Standard	Standard	Free Surface Parking	Hook Ups
Cloud Springs	Electric					X	X	Standard		Free Surface Parking	Hook Ups
Country Aire Apartments	Electric					X	X			Free Surface Parking	
Lake Shore	Electric						X			Free Surface Parking	Hook Ups
Mission Villa	Electric						X			Free Surface Parking	Hook Ups
Oak Ridge	Electric					X	X			Free Surface Parking	Hook Ups
Oglethrope Ridge	Natural Gas					X	X	Standard		Free Surface Parking	Hook Ups
Park Lake	Electric					X	X	Standard	Standard	Free Surface Parking	Hook Ups
Savannah Springs	Electric						X	Standard	Standard	Free Surface Parking	Standard - Stacked
Woodcreek Apartments	Electric						X	Standard		Free Surface Parking	

Table 25 Salient Characteristics, PMA Rental Communities

				(1)				(1)				(1)		
		Total		One Bedr	room Ur	nits		Two Bed	room Uni	ts		Three	Bedroom U	Inits
Community	Туре	Units	Units	Rent	SF	Rent/SF	Units	Rent	SF	Rent/SF	Units	Rent	SF	Rent/SF
Subject Site (30%)	Garden	5	1	\$197	921	\$0.21	3	\$232	1,135	\$0.20	1	\$257	1,361	\$0.19
Subject Site (50%)	Garden	35	5	\$384	921	\$0.42	20	\$457	1,135	\$0.40	10	\$571	1,361	\$0.42
Subject Site (60%)	Garden	94	13	\$460	921	\$0.50	54	\$550	1,135	\$0.48	27	\$640	1,361	\$0.47
Subject Site (Market)	Garden	34	5	\$460	921	\$0.50	19	\$550	1,135	\$0.48	10	\$640	1,361	\$0.47
Oglethrope Ridge	Garden	97	5	\$410	731	\$0.56					36	\$625	1,150	\$0.54
Savannah Springs	Townhouse	103		\$443	546	\$0.81		\$606	1,302	\$0.47				
Country Aire Apartments	Garden	62	62	\$460	500	\$0.92								
Lake Shore	Townhouse	153	59	\$460	600	\$0.77	5	\$590	960	\$0.61				
Cloud Springs	Townhouse	44					44	\$525	1,100	\$0.48				
Park Lake	Garden	120		\$398	678	\$0.59		\$525	958	\$0.55				
Woodcreek Apartments	Garden	52		\$405	900	\$0.45		\$506	1,125	\$0.45		\$607	1,315	\$0.46
Oak Ridge	Garden	40		\$401				\$440				\$469		
Mission Villa	Garden	32		\$323				\$404						
	Average / Total	703		\$412	659	\$0.63		\$514	1,089	\$0.47		\$567	1,233	\$0.46
	Unit Distribution	211	126				49				36			
	% of Total	30%	60%				23%				17%			

(1) Rent is adjusted, net of utilities and incentives

Figure 3 Range of Net Rents



As the figure on the preceding page illustrates, there are no breaks in the range of net rents in the primary market area. Savannah Springs, Lake Shore, and Oglethorpe Ridge represent the upper-end of the rental market. The rental communities from Woodcreek to Oak Ridge represent the middle of the rental market. Mission Villa represents the lower end of the rental market.

C. Proposed Developments

According to development officials with Catoosa County and Walker County, there is no upcoming development of comparable rental communities within the boundaries of the PMA.

Only one family oriented community has received a DCA allocation for tax credits in Catoosa County or Walker County over the past four years. Bedford Place was approved in 2002 for 88 mixed income family oriented units in Ringgold, Catoosa County. This community will feature 5 LIHTC units at 30 percent of the AMI, 40 LIHTC units at 50 percent of the AMI, 25 LIHTC units at 60 percent of the AMI, and 18 market rate units. The proposed LIHTC units at this community are priced similarly to the proposed rents at Saddle Club. The rents for the 60 percent and market rate units at Bedford Place will be \$385, \$485, and \$550 for one, two and three bedroom units respectively. These proposed rents are lower than those proposed at Saddle Club for similar income ranges. Bedford Place is currently under construction. According to the developer, the first units are expected to come on-line by November or December of this year.

VI. Findings and Conclusions

A. Findings

Based on this review of economic and demographic characteristics of the primary market area and Tri-County Market Area and competitive housing trends, we arrive at the following findings:

The subject property is located on the north side of Highway 2 approximately two miles west of Interstate along the periphery of Fort Oglethorpe.

- The site is a 18.91 acre tract on the north side of Highway 2 at its intersection with Dyer Bridge Road. The site consists primarily of undeveloped, heavily wooded land with many mature trees. The site is bordered to the north by Dyer Bridge Road, to the east by Dyer Bridge Road, to the south by Highway 2, and to the west by Dietz Road.
- Ingress and egress will be available off Dyer Bridge Road. Dyer Bridge Road is a lightly traveled residential street with a speed limit of 25 miles per hour. No problems are expected with ingress or egress. Access to/from Highway 2 will be not be available.
- The proposed community will be compatible with surrounding land uses. The majority
 of the development in the immediate area surrounding the site consists of singlefamily detached homes and a few houses of worship. The majority of the surrounding
 land is zoned for residential use. The zoning is not expected to change.

Catoosa County has an established economy with a stable outlook for future growth.

In 2001, employment in Catoosa County had reached 14,538 as job growth averaged over 250 jobs annually since 1990. Overall, the county has experienced a net increase of over 3,000 jobs or 26 percent since 1990. Similar to national trends, Catoosa County has experienced an economic downturn over the past two years as 2001 and the first three quarters of 2002 experienced a net loss in jobs

• Unemployment rates in Catoosa County have remained lower than the unemployment rates in the state of Georgia, while following similar trends. Between 1990 and 2002, the unemployment rate decreased six years, remained unchanged three years, and increased during three years. The overall unemployment rate has decreased significantly from the decade high of 6.0 percent in 1992, as the year-end unemployment rate in 2002 was 3.0 percent. During the first 4 months of 2003, Catoosa County's unemployment rate has decreased by nearly a full percentage point compared to Georgia's decline of 0.2 percentage point.

Both the primary market area and the Tri-County Market Area have experienced steady growth over the past ten years. Growth in both areas is expected to continue.

- Based on 1990 and 2000 Census data, the PMA experienced an increase of 4,033 households, while the Tri-County Market Area increased by a total of 7,560 households. This change equates to a 19.3 percent increase in the primary market area compared to a 18 percent increase in the Tri-County Market Area. The annual compounded rates of household growth were 1.8 percent in the PMA and 1.7 percent in the Tri-County Market Area.
- Projections show that the PMA's household count is expected to increase by 2,106 or 8.4 percent by 2005 compared to an increase of 3,656 households or 7.4 percent in the Tri-County Market Area. Annual increases are projected to be 421 households or 1.6 percent in the primary market area and 731 households or 1.4 percent in the Tri-County Market Area.

The primary market area's households are similar in age, however more affluent than the Tri-County Market Area.

 The primary market area has a slightly higher percentage of its residents under the age of 10, between 25 and 44 years old and age 65 and older. Among the 11 age cohorts, the largest differential between the two geographies was 0.5 percentage point. The majority of the age classifications were separated by less than 0.3 percentage point.

- The majority of the householders in both the primary market area and Tri-County Market Area are married. The two geographies have the same percentage of households with children, 33.8 percent.
- Renters are most common among householders age 25 to 44 years of age. This age grouping accounts for 29.9 percent of the PMA's population and 29.5 percent of the Tri-County Market Area's population.
- The primary market area and the Tri-County Market Area have a similar percentage of households that rent. In 2000, 24.6 percent of the householders in the PMA were renters. In comparison, 22.6 percent of the Tri-County Market Area householders rented.
- Census data indicates that the 1999 median household income for the primary market area was \$37,382, 3.6 percent higher than the \$36,079 median income in the Tri-County Market Area.
- Over twenty-one percent of primary market area householders earn between \$15,000 and \$30,000, the general income range to be targeted by the proposed LIHTC rental units.

The rental stock has expanded little over that past two decades. A wide variety of property types and amenities are represented in the primary market area.

- Half of the rental stock in both areas is in single-family detached, attached or duplex houses. The primary market area has 7.9 percent of its rental units in structures with 10 or more units compared to 6.4 percent in the Tri-County Market Area.
- The rent distribution from the 2000 Census shows that the median rent is \$386 in the primary market area and \$362 in the Tri-County Market Area. According to this distribution, 36 percent of renter householders in the primary market area paid a monthly contract rent between \$400 and \$600, the range in which the majority of the units at Saddle Club are priced. In comparison, 32.7 percent of renters in the Tri-County Market Area paid between \$400 and \$600.
- The 9 rental communities surveyed account for 851 dwelling units. The multifamily rental stock in the primary market area is relatively young. The average age of the 6

- rental communities providing this data is 14 years. The two newest communities were built in 1998.
- Among the 703 units in the 9 surveyed communities, 26 were reported vacant for a
 rate of 3.7 percent. Three of the communities have a vacancy rate above 5 percent
 and the remaining six properties have a vacancy rate of 3.3 percent or less.
- Among the 9 properties surveyed, one bedroom units are the most common, as they
 are offered at 8 of the 9 communities. Two bedroom units are offered at 7
 communities and three bedroom units are present at only three. Based on the unit
 distribution among these surveyed communities, 60 percent are one bedroom units,
 23 percent are two bedroom units, and 17 percent are three bedroom units.
- None of the surveyed rental communities are currently offering rental incentives. The street rents at the existing communities are adjusted to account for the cost of utilities. The average net rent among the surveyed communities is \$412 for a one bedroom unit, \$514 for a two bedroom unit, and \$567 for a three bedroom unit. The average square footages are 659, 1,089, and 1,233 for the one, two and three bedroom units respectively.

B. Demand

Based on household projections discussed in Section VI of this report, we estimate that 26,638 households reside in the market area in 2004, which will increase to 27,964 by 2007. Based on these estimates, we have computed an estimate of demand for rental housing in this market (Table 26).

- Based on the projected household growth in the primary market area, there will be demand for 1,326 household units over the next three years.
- It is assumed that 0.50 percent of the housing stock in the primary market area will be lost due to demolition, natural disaster, or fire on an annual basis. This is conservative rate given the age of the housing stock in the PMA. A total of 402 units will be removed from the market by 2007, which increases the overall housing demand to 1,728.
- Based on 2000 Census data, 24.6 percent of householders were renters. Applying this rate to the projected number of households, we project a potential pool of 426 renters in 2007.
- Typically, it is assumed that a five percent vacancy rate is required to keep a rental
 market relatively fluid, e.g. giving people a choice of where they wish to live in a
 rental unit. As a result, 9 units must be added to the market to achieve 5 percent
 vacancy.
- Thus, total rental demand for rental housing would be 435 in 2007.
- In order to determine the net excess demand for rental housing, upcoming units including the subject property are subtracted from the total rental demand. The proposed 88 under construction at Bedford Place and the 168 units proposed at Saddle Club are the only units known to be in the pipeline.
- Subtracting the 241 units at these two properties expected to be unleased in 2004,
 we derive an excess rental demand for 194 rental units in the market area.

Table 26 Derivation of Demand.

Derivation of Demand

Demand			Units
2004 Households 2007 Households			26,638 27,964
Household Growth 2004 to 2007			1,326
Add: Units Removed from Market Overall Housing Demand			402 1,728
Overall Flousing Demand			1,720
Percent Renter Households Demand for Rental Units			24.6% 426
Competitive Inventory			
Stablized Multifamily Communities Properties in Lease Up	Inventory 703 0	<u>Vacant</u> 26 0	
	703	26	
Market Vacancy at 5% Less: current Vacant Units		35 -26	
Vacant units required to reach 5% Market V	Vacancy		9
Total Rental Demand			435
Supply			
	Vacant Units	Lease Up in 2003	2004 Supply
Bedford Place Subject Site	88 168	15 0	73 168
Total New Rental Supply			241
Excess Demand for Rental Housing			194

C. Affordability Analysis

To understand the depth of the rental market for affordable housing in the primary market area, we have conducted an affordability analysis for the proposed units (Table 27). A penetration rate is determined which reflects the number of income qualified households in the market the subject property must capture in order to gain full occupancy.

- To calculate the income distribution for 2005, we projected incomes based on 2000 Census data on total income distribution, renter household income distribution and trends in per capita income since 1999. Following HUD guidelines, maximum income limits were imposed on potential renters. Assuming 1.5 persons for a one bedroom unit, 3 persons for two bedroom units, 4.5 persons for three bedroom units, the income limits were translated into maximum rent limits.
- Using a 35 percent underwriting criteria, we determined that the gross one bedroom rent (\$281) for the 30 percent one bedroom units would be affordable to households earning a minimum of \$9,634, which includes 24,635 households in the primary market area.
- Based on the 2003 HUD income limits for households at 30 percent of median income, the maximum income allowed for a one bedroom unit in this market would be \$11,250. We estimate that 24,227 households within the primary market area have incomes above that maximum.
- Subtracting the 24,277 households with incomes above the maximum income from the 24,635 households that could afford to rent this unit, we compute that 409 households are within the band of being able to afford the proposed rent. The proposed one 30 percent one bedroom unit would require a penetration rate of 0.2 percent of all qualified households. Among renter households, the penetration rate for this floorplan is 0.5 percent. Using the same methodology, we determined the band of qualified households for each of the other bedroom types offered in the community.
- Given the income requirements of each unit type and the overlap of income bands, project wide affordability bands were calculated. Looking at all 168 units, the project will need to absorb 1.6 percent of the 10,547 households that

- earn between \$9,634 and \$41,600 in the primary market area. For renter households, the 168 proposed units must capture 4.5 percent of the income qualified renter households.
- Affordability by floorplan indicates that there is a sufficient number of income qualified households for all floorplans.

Table 27 Affordability Analysis for Saddle Club.

	One Bedroom Units						
	Base Price	Minimum	Maximum				
	Number of Units	1					
	Net Rent	\$197					
	Gross Rent	\$281					
3	% Income Spent for Shelter	35%					
	Income Range	\$9,634	\$11,250				
	Range of Qualified Hslds	24,635	24,227				
	# Qualified Households		409				
5	Unit Total HH Capture Rate		0.2%				
	Range of Qualified Renters	5,673	5,490				
	# Qualified RenterHouseholds		183				
	Unit Renter HH Capture Rate		0.5%				

	Base Price	Minimum	Maximum
	Number of Units	5	
Ø	Net Rent	\$384	
Units	Gross Rent	\$468	
\neg	% Income Spent for Shelter	35%	
20%	Income Range	\$16,046	\$18,750
20	Range of Qualified Hslds	22,638	21,750
	# Qualified Households		887
	Unit Penetration Rate		0.6%
	Range of Qualified Renters	4,781	4,384
	# Qualified RenterHouseholds		396
	Unit Renter HH Penetration Rate		1.3%

Base Price	Proposed	Maximum
Number of Units	13	
Net Rent	\$460	
Gross Rent	\$544	
% Income for Shelter	35%	
Income	\$18,651	\$22,500
Range of Qualified Hslds	21,782	20,555
# Qualified Households		1,227
Unit Penetration Rate		1.1%
Range of Qualified Renters	4,399	3,851
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		548
Unit Renter HH Penetration Rate		2.4%

Base Price	Proposed	Maximum
Number of Units	5	
Net Rent	\$460	
Gross Rent	\$544	
% Income for Shelter	35%	
Income	\$18,651	\$30,000
Range of Qualified Hslds	21,782	17,908
# Qualified Households		3,874
Unit Capture Rate		0.1%
Range of Qualified Renters	4,399	3,023
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		1,375
Unit Renter HH Penetration Rate		0.4%

Two Bedroom Units				
Base Price	Minimum	Maximum		
Number of Units	3			
Net Rent	\$232			
Gross Rent	\$337			
% Income Spent for Shelter	35%			
Income Range	\$11,554	\$13,500		
Range of Qualified Hslds	24,150	23,497		
# Qualified Households		653		
Unit Total HH Capture Rate		0.5%		
Range of Qualified Renters	5,456	5,164		
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		292		
Unit Renter HH Capture Rate		1.0%		

Base Price	Minimum	Maximum
Number of Units	20	Waxiiiuiii
Net Rent	\$457	
Gross Rent	\$562	
% Income Spent for Shelter	35%	
Income Range	\$19,269	\$22,500
Range of Qualified Hslds	21,585	20,555
# Qualified Households		1,030
Unit Penetration Rate		1.9%
Range of Qualified Renters	4,311	3,851
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		460
Unit Renter HH Penetration Rate		4.3%

Base Price	Proposed	Maximum
Number of Units	54	
Net Rent	\$550	
Gross Rent	\$655	
% Income for Shelter	35%	
Income	\$22,457	\$27,000
Range of Qualified Hslds	20,569	18,965
# Qualified Households		1,604
Unit Penetration Rate		3.4%
Range of Qualified Renters	3,857	3,341
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		516
Unit Renter HH Penetration Rate		10.5%

Base Price	Proposed	Maximum
Number of Units	19	
Net Rent	\$550	
Gross Rent	\$655	
% Income for Shelter	35%	
Income	\$22,457	\$36,000
Range of Qualified Hslds	20,569	15,898
# Qualified Households		4,671
Unit Capture Rate		0.4%
Range of Qualified Renters	3,857	2,420
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		1,437
Unit Renter HH Penetration Rate)	1.3%

Thre	e Bedroom Uni	ts
Base Price	Proposed	Maximum
Number of Units	1	
Net Rent	\$257	
Gross Rent	\$390	
% Income for Shelter	35%	
Income	\$13,371	\$15,600
Band of Qualified Hslds	23,540	22,788
# Qualified Households		752
Unit Total HH Capture Rate		0.1%
Range of Qualified Renters	5,184	4,848
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		336
Unit Renter HH Capture Rate		0.3%

Base Price	Proposed	Maximum
Number of Units	10	
Net Rent	\$517	
Gross Rent	\$650	
% Income for Shelter	35%	
Income	\$22,286	\$26,000
Band of Qualified Hslds	20,623	19,325
# Qualified Households		1,299
Unit Penetration Rate		0.8%
Range of Qualified Renters	3,881	3,449
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		433
Unit Renter HH Penetration Rate		2.3%

Base Price	Proposed	Maximum
Number of Units	27	
Net Rent	\$640	
Gross Rent	\$773	
% Income for Shelter	35%	
Income	\$26,503	\$31,200
Band of Qualified Hslds	19,144	17,503
# Qualified Households		1,641
Unit Penetration Rate		1.6%
Range of Qualified Renters	3,394	2,902
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		493
Unit Renter HH Penetration Rate	-	5.5%

Base Price	Proposed	Maximum
Number of Units	10	
Net Rent	\$640	
Gross Rent	\$773	
% Income for Shelter	35%	
Income	\$26,503	\$41,600
Band of Qualified Hslds	19,144	14,088
# Qualified Households		5,055
Unit Capture Rate		0.2%
Range of Qualified Renters	3,394	1,905
# Qualified RenterHouseholds		1,489
Unit Renter HH Penetration Rate		0.7%

Gross Penetrati	ss Penetration Rate by Income			Total Households Renter Households								
	Number of Units		Band of Qua	alified HHs	# Qualified HHs			Band of C	ualified HHs	# Qualified HHs		
		Income	\$9,634	\$15,600				\$9,634	\$15,600			
30% Units	5	HHs	24,635	22,788	1,847	0.3%	Penetration Rate	5,673	4,848	825	0.6%	Penetration Rate
		Income	\$16,046	\$26,000				\$16,046	\$26,000			
50% Units	35	HHs	22,638	19,325	3,313	1.1%	Penetration Rate	4,781	3,449	1,332	2.6%	Penetration Rate
		Income	\$18,651	\$31,200				\$18,651	\$31,200			
60% Units	94	HHs	21,782	17,503	4,278	2.2%	Penetration Rate	4,399	2,902	1,497	6.3%	Penetration Rate
		Income	\$18,651	\$41,600				\$18,651	\$41,600			
Market Rate	34	HHs	21,782	14,088	7,693	0.4%	Penetration Rate	4,399	1,905	2,493	1.4%	Penetration Rate
		Income	\$9,634	\$41,600				\$9,634	\$41,600			
Total Units	168	HHs	24,635	14,088	10,547	1.6%	Penetration Rate	5,673	1,905	3,768	4.5%	Penetration Rate

Source: 2000 U.S. Census, estimates, Real Property Research Group, Inc.

D. DCA Demand Calculations

We believe that the demand and affordability methodology shown in the preceding sections is an accurate and reliable measure of project feasibility. As the proposed development will be applying for nine percent tax credits from the Georgia Department of Community Affairs, this section illustrates demand per the methodology in DCA's Market Study Requirements.

DCA's demand methodology consists of three components. The first is income qualified renter households living in substandard households. "Substandard" is defined as having more than 1.01 persons per room and/or lacking complete plumbing facilities. According to US Census data, the percentage of households in the primary market area that are "substandard" is 1.83 percent (Table 21).

The second component of demand is population growth. This number is the number of age and income qualified renter households anticipated to move into the market area between 2000 and 2005.

The final component of demand is cost burdened renters, which is defined as those renter households paying more than 35 percent of household income for housing costs. According to Census data, 31.8 percent of renter households are categorized as cost burdened (Table 17).

DCA requires that demand be calculated with several variations. Demand and capture rates are to be calculated for all low income units, all market rate units, on a floorplan basis, and pursuant to conversations with DCA underwriting staff, total demand for all units.

DCA considers units that have been constructed within the past three years to have an impact on the future demand for new development. For this reason, the units constructed within the past three years and those planned within the primary market area are subtracted from the estimate of demand. As these communities offer a wide range of unit types at varying levels of the AMI, this subtraction is done prior to applying the subject property's income qualification to the demand estimate. A detailed list of those units subtracted from the demand estimate can be found on the following page in Table 28.

The capture rates for Saddle Club are 13 percent for the LIHTC units, 3.6 percent for the market rate units, and 12.1 percent for all units. These capture rates, net of recent and upcoming developments, indicate sufficient income qualified demand for the proposed units at Saddle Club. The capture rates on a floorplan basis range from 0.8 percent to 27.1 percent. Eleven of the 12 floorplans have a capture rate of below 15 percent.

Table 28 Recently Built and Pipeline Units

Property	1-Bedroom	2-Bedroom	3-Bedroom	Total
Bedford Place - 30%	2	3	0	5
Bedford Place - 50%	8	24	8	40
Bedford Place - 60%	6	11	8	25
Bedford Place - MKT	4	10	4	18
Total	20	48	20	88

Table 29 DCA Demand Estimates

Primary Market Area Demand	LIHTC Units	Market Rate Units	Total Units
Substandard Households	113	113	113
Renter Household Growth	519	519	519
Cost Burdened Renter HH's	1,955	1,955	1,955
Total Demand	2,587	2,587	2,587
Recent and Pipeline Units	70	18	88
Net Demand	2,517	2,569	2,499
% Income Qualified	40.98%	36.9%	55.73%
Income Qualified Demand	1,032	947	1,393
Units in Subject Property	134	34	168
Capture Rate	13.0%	3.6%	12.1%

Table 30 Detailed Gross Demand Estimates

Demand from Substandard Households

	lidara ribaserio	Substandard		2000 Substandard
2000 Households		Percentage		Households
24,967	times	1.83%	equals	457
	_			
2000 Substandard		% of Renters Per		2000 Substandard
Households		Census		Renter Households
457	times	24.63%	equals	113
Demand from Househ	old Growth			
2005 Households		2000 Households		Household Change
27,073	minus	24,967	equals	2,106
			·	
		% of Renters Per		Renter Household
Houshold Change		Census		Change
2,106	times	24.63%	equals	519
	_			
Demand from Cost B	urdened Rente	ers		
		% of Renters Per		2000 Renter
2000 Households		Census		Households
24,967	times	24.63%	equals	6,150
			•	
2000 Renter				2000 Cost Burdened
Households		% Cost Burdened		Renter Households
6,150	times	31.79%	equals	1,955
0,100	unios	31.770	cquais	1,700

E. DCA Estimates and Capture Rates by Floorplan

Table 31 Tax Credit Demand Estimates and Capture Rates by Floorplan and Income Level

	One Bedroom Units				Two Bedroom Units				Th			
	30%	50%	60%	Market Rate	30%	50%	60%	Market Rate	30%	50%	60%	Market Rate
Substandard Households	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113
Renter Household Growth	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519
Cost Burdened Households	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955
Total Demand	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587
Pipeline and Recent Units	2	8	6	4	3	24	11	10	0	8	8	4
Net Demand	2,585	2,579	2,581	2,583	2,584	2,563	2,576	2,577	2,587	2,579	2,579	2,583
% Income Qualified	2.74%	5.94%	8.21%	20.62%	4.37%	6.90%	7.74%	21.55%	5.04%	6.49%	7.39%	22.33%
Income Qualified Demand	71	153	212	533	113	177	199	555	130	167	190	577
Proposed Units	1	5	13	5	3	20	54	19	1	10	27	10
Capture Rate	1.4%	3.3%	6.1%	0.9%	2.7%	11.3%	27.1%	3.4%	0.8%	6.0%	14.2%	1.7%

	30%	50%	60%	Market Rate
Substandard Households	113	113	113	113
Renter Household Growth	519	519	519	519
Cost Burdened Households	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955
Total Demand	2,587	2,587	2,587	2,587
Pipeline and Recent Units	5	40	25	18
Net Demand	2,582	2,547	2,562	2,569
% Income Qualified	13.93%	19.36%	33.09%	39.60%
Income Qualified Demand	360	493	848	1,017
Proposed Units	5	35	94	34
Capture Rate	1.39%	7.10%	11.09%	3.34%

The "PMA Total Demand" figure shown in the preceding table shows the demand from the three DCA stipulated components without income affordability applied. The percentages of the total households earning within the various floorplan specific income segments are then applied to this total demand number. The highest capture rate among the various floorplans and income levels is 27.1 percent for the 60% two-bedroom units.

F. Project Feasibility

Looking at the proposed Saddle Club compared to existing rental alternatives in the market, the project's appeal and strength is as follows:

Community Design: The proposed development will be the most attractive community in the primary market area. The new modern design characteristics and up-scale community design will be competitive within the primary market area, which has seen little new product development over the past two decades.

Location: The proposed site is located in a growing area of Catoosa County. The proposed site is located conveniently to shopping, education, health care, public transportation, and area traffic arteries.

Amenities: The proposed Saddle Club will offer more unit and community amenities than all of the existing rental communities in the primary market area. The proposed amenities, including appliance package, is appropriate given the proposed rent levels.

Unit Mix: The unit mix distribution of the 168 units at Saddle Club Apartments is appropriate and compatible with the existing rental stock. The one and two bedroom units will appeal to single person householders or small to medium sized families while the three bedroom units will appeal to larger families and those desiring additional space. The proposed unit mix is appropriate. The 168 proposed units will make Saddle Club the largest community in the primary market area.

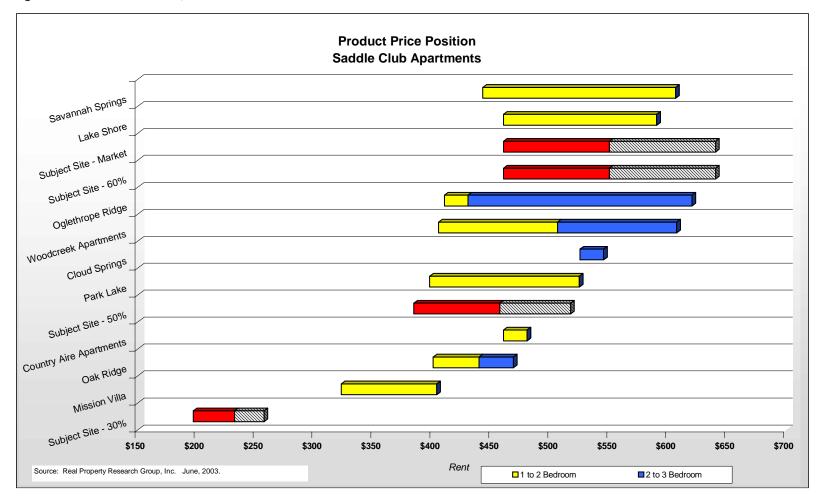
Unit Size: With square footages of 921 for a one bedroom unit, 1,135 for a two bedroom unit and 1,361 for a three bedroom unit, Saddle Club will have a competitive advantage

with the existing rental stock. These unit sizes are significantly larger than the average among surveyed communities.

Price: The proposed 30 percent units are priced at the bottom of the range of net rents in the primary market area. The proposed 50 percent rents are priced in the lower half of the range of net rents and the 60 percent and market rate rents are positioned near the top (Figure 4). The proposed rents are appropriate given the location, large unit sizes, and extensive amenities to be included. The proposed rents and square footages result in prices per square foot lower than the one bedroom average and within \$0.01 of the two and three bedroom averages.

Demand: While the net demand analysis shows excess demand for additional rental units, the affordability analysis and subsequent capture rates indicate a sufficient number of income qualified renter householders to support the proposed LIHTC units. The capture rates for the proposed units are 13 percent for all LIHTC units, 3.6 percent for the market rate units, and 12.1 percent for all units. Demand by floorplan includes 12 variations as a result of four income levels and three bedroom sizes. Floorplan specific capture rates range from 0.8 percent for the 30% three bedroom units to 27.1 percent for the 60 percent two-bedroom units. Eleven of the 12 capture rates are below 15 percent. Based on these capture rates, adequate income-qualified demand exists for the proposed units.

Figure 4 Product Position, Saddle Club



67

G. Absorption Estimate

Two of the 9 communities surveyed were built 1998. The management of these communities were unable to provide information relating to the initial lease-up period.

With no data on absorption at comparable communities, absorption rates are derived based on the appeal of the proposed development, condition of the area's rental housing stock, and demand estimates for the subject property. The rental market in the PMA is tight as less than four percent of existing rental units are vacant. The primary market area is projected to grow at an annual compounded rate of 421 households per year through 2005. Despite this continued growth, no rental communities have been built in the PMA over the past three years with only one (88 units) under construction. The low percentage of vacant rental units, the continual household growth and minimal amount of new construction indicate a potential pent-up demand for rental housing. As the proposed community will be offering units at four income levels, it will appeal to a wide range of renter householders.

We believe that given the competitive rents, extensive amenities, tight rental market, wide range of allowable incomes, and lack of significant pipeline, the proposed 168 rental units at Saddle Club Apartments will lease at a rate of at least 13 units per month. At this rate, the proposed community will attain 95 percent occupancy within approximately 12 months.

We hope you find this analysis helpful in your decision making process.

H. Interviews

Interviews, both in-person and over the phone, were conducted with variety of individuals during the completion of this report. Pertinent information gathered through this interview process is used throughout this report.

Interviewees include the property managers or leasing consultants for all rental communities surveyed. The information included in Section V. Supply Analysis beginning on page 42 was obtained through surveys (interviews) of these existing communities.

Additional interviews were conducted with The Catoosa County Chamber of Commerce (Christie Kelly), the Walker County Chamber of Commerce (Stephanie Watkins), Catoosa County Building Inspection (Jimmy McDaniel), Catoosa County Economic Development, Catoosa County Zoning (Ron Brown), the Fort Oglethorpe Planning Commission (various), and the Northwest Georgia Joint Development Authority.

Appendix 1 Underlying Assumptions and Limiting Conditions

In conducting the analysis, we will make the following assumptions, except as otherwise noted in our report:

- 1. There are no zoning, building, safety, environmental or other federal, state or local laws, regulations or codes which would prohibit or impair the development, marketing or operation of the subject project in the manner contemplated in our report, and the subject project will be developed, marketed and operated in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and codes.
- 2. No material changes will occur in (a) any federal, state or local law, regulation or code (including, without limitation, the Internal Revenue Code) affecting the subject project, or (b) any federal, state or local grant, financing or other program which is to be utilized in connection with the subject project.
- 3. The local, national and international economies will not deteriorate, and there will be no significant changes in interest rates or in rates of inflation or deflation.
- 4. The subject project will be served by adequate transportation, utilities and governmental facilities.
- 5. The subject project will not be subjected to any war, energy crisis, embargo, strike, earthquake, flood, fire or other casualty or act of God.
- 6. The subject project will be on the market at the time and with the product anticipated in our report, and at the price position specified in our report.
- 7. The subject project will be developed, marketed and operated in a highly professional manner.
- 8. No projects will be developed which will be in competition with the subject project, except as set forth in our report.
- 9. There are no existing judgments nor any pending or threatened litigation which could hinder the development, marketing or operation of the subject project.

The analysis will be subject to the following limiting conditions, except as otherwise noted in our report:

- The analysis contained in this report necessarily incorporates numerous estimates and assumptions with respect to property performance, general and local business and economic conditions, the absence of material changes in the competitive environment and other matters. Some estimates or assumptions, however, inevitably will not materialize, and unanticipated events and circumstances may occur; therefore, actual results achieved during the period covered by our analysis will vary from our estimates and the variations may be material.
- 2. Our absorption estimates are based on the assumption that the product recommendations set forth in our report will be followed without material deviation.
- 3. All estimates of future dollar amounts are based on the current value of the dollar, without any allowance for inflation or deflation.
- 4. We have no responsibility for considerations requiring expertise in other fields. Such considerations include, but are not limited to, legal matters, environmental matters, architectural matters, geologic considerations, such as soils and seismic stability, and civil, mechanical, electrical, structural and other engineering matters.
- 5. Information, estimates and opinions contained in or referred to in our report, which we have obtained from sources outside of this office, are assumed to be reliable and have not been independently verified.
- 6. The conclusions and recommendations in our report are subject to these Underlying Assumptions and Limiting Conditions and to any additional assumptions or conditions set forth in the body of our report.

Appendix 2 Analyst Certification

I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- The statements of fact contained in this report are true and correct.
- The reported analyses, opinions, and conclusions are limited only by the reported assumptions and limiting conditions, and is my personal, unbiased professional analyses, opinions, and conclusions.
- I have no present or prospective interest in the property that is the subject of this report, and I have no personal interest or bias with respect to the parties involved.
- My compensation is not contingent on an action or event resulting from the analysis, opinions, or conclusions in, or the use of, this report.
- The market study was not based on tax credit approval or approval of a loan. My compensation is not contingent upon the reporting of a predetermined demand that favors the cause of the client, the attainment of a stipulated result, or the occurrence of a subsequent event.
- My analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the requirements of the Code of Professional Ethics and the Standards of Professional Practice as set forth in the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) as adopted by the Appraisal Standards Board of the Appraisal Foundation.
- I have made a personal inspection of the property that is the subject of this report.

Tad Scepaniak Regional Director

Real Property Research Group, Inc.

Warning: Title 18 U.S.C. 1001, provides in part that whoever knowingly and willfully makes or uses a document containing any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or entry, in any manner in the jurisdiction of any department or agency of the United States, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years or both.

Appendix 3 Resumes

TAD SCEPANIAK

Mr. Scepaniak directs our Atlanta office. He has approximately eight years of experience in the field of residential rental market research. Before joining the firm, Tad was president of MarketQuest, where he was involved extensively in the Low Income Tax Credit program throughout the entire United States. Mr. Scepaniak has completed work in approximately 25 states and Puerto Rico over the past eight years. He also has experience conducting studies under the HUD 221d program, market rate rental properties, and student housing developments. Along with work for developer clients, Tad has led our research efforts for both the North Carolina and Georgia Housing Finance agencies. Mr. Scepaniak is also responsible for development and implementation of many of the firm's automated analytic systems.

Areas of Concentration:

Low Income Tax Credit Rental Housing: Mr. Scepaniak has worked extensively with the Low Income Tax Credit program throughout the United States, with special emphasis on the Southeast and Mid-Atlantic regions. Mr. Scepaniak not only works with developers in their efforts to obtain tax credit financing, but also has received large contracts with state housing agencies including North Carolina Housing Finance Agency and Georgia Department of Community Affairs.

<u>Senior Housing:</u> Mr. Scepaniak has conducted feasibility analysis for a variety of senior oriented rental housing. The majority of this work has been under the Low Income Tax Credit program, however his experience includes assisted living facilities and market rate senior rental communities.

<u>Market Rate Rental Housing:</u> Mr. Scepaniak has conducted various projects for developers of market rate rental housing. The studies produced for these developers are generally used to determine the rental housing needs of a specific submarket and to obtain financing.

Education:

Bachelor of Science - Marketing Research; Berry College - Rome, Georgia.

ROBERT M. LEFENFELD

Mr. Lefenfeld has over 20 years of experience in the field of residential market research. As an officer of research subsidiaries of the accounting firm of Reznick Fedder & Silverman and Legg Mason, he has closely monitored residential markets throughout the Mid-Atlantic United States. Between 1998 and 2001, Bob was Managing Director of RF&S Realty Advisors, conducting market studies throughout the United States on rental and for-sale projects. From 1987 to 1995, Bob served as Senior Vice President of Legg Mason Realty Group, managing the firm's consulting practice and serving as publisher of a Mid-Atlantic residential data service, <u>Housing</u> Market Profiles.

Prior to joining Legg Mason, Bob spent ten years with the Baltimore Metropolitan Council as a housing economist. Bob also served as Research Director for Regency Homes between 1995 and 1998, where he analyzed markets throughout the Eastern United States and evaluated the company's active building operation on an ongoing basis.

Bob has lectured and written extensively on the subject of residential real estate market analysis. He has served as a panel member, speaker, and lecturer at events held by the National Association of Homebuilders and the National Council on Seniors Housing. His recent article, "Market Analysis: Basic Elements of a Good Study," was featured in the Summer, 2001 issue of ULI's Multifamily Housing Trends magazine. He also authored an article on active adult housing that will appear in an upcoming issue of Mid-Atlantic Builder, published by the Homebuilders Association of Maryland.

Areas of Concentration:

<u>Strategic Assessments</u>: Mr. Lefenfeld has conducted numerous corridor analyses throughout the United States to assist building and real estate companies in evaluating development opportunities. Such analyses document demographic, economic, competitive, and proposed development activity by submarket and discuss opportunities for development.

<u>Feasibility Analysis</u>: Mr. Lefenfeld has conducted feasibility studies for various types of residential developments for builders and developers. Subjects of these analyses have included for-sale single family and townhouse developments, age-restricted rental and for-sale developments, large multi-product PUDs, urban renovations, and continuing care facilities for the elderly. In addition, he has conducted feasibility work in conjunction with Hope VI applications for redevelopment of public housing sites and analyses of rental developments for 221(d)4 insurance and tax credit applications.

<u>Information Products</u>: Bob has developed a series of proprietary databases to assist clients in monitoring growth trends. Subjects of these databases have included for-sale housing, pipeline information, and rental communities. Information compiled is committed to a Geographic Information System (GIS), allowing the comprehensive integration of data.

Education:

Masters of Urban and Regional Planning; The George Washington University. Bachelor of Arts, Political Science; Northeastern University.

Appendix 4 DCA Market Study Checklist

	A. Executive Summary		
	Market demand for subject property given the economic		
1	conditions of the area.	Page	V
2	Projected Stabilized Occupancy Level and Timeframe.	Page	VIII, IX
3	Appropriateness of unit mix, rent and unit sizes.	Page	VIII
	Appropriateness of interior and exterior amenities including	Б.	
4	Appliances. Location and distance of subject property in relationship	Page	VIII
	to local amenities. A brief description of location is given in the		
	executive summary with conclusion regarding proximity of		
	neighborhood amenities. Proximity to specific amenities is given		
5	in more detail in the location analysis section.	Page	IV, VII
6	Discussion of capture rates in relationship to subject.	Page	VI
7	Conclusion regarding the strength of the market for subject.	Page	VIII, IX
	B. Project Description		
	Project address, legal description and location. A legal		
	description is not provided as it was not available.		
1	Legal descriptions are not considered a concern	D	2
1	regarding feasibility or appeal of the site. Number of units by unit type.	Page	3
2	Unit size, # of bedrooms and structure type (i.e. townhouse, garden apartment, etc).	Page Page	13 13
4	Rents and Utility Allowance*.	Page	2
7	Existing or proposed project based rental assistance. <i>There</i>	rage	2
5	will be no project based rental assistance.	Page	N/A
6	Proposed development amenities (i.e. washer/dryer hookups, dishwasher etc.).	Page	12, 13
7	For rehab proposals, current occupancy levels, rents, and tenant incomes (if available), as	Page	N/A
	well as detailed information as to renovation of property.		
8	Projected placed in service date. <i>Not Provided.</i>	Page	N/A
9	Construction type: New Construction/Rehab/Adaptive Reuse, etc.	Page	1, 12
10	Occupancy Type: Family, Elderly, Housing for Older Persons, Special Needs, etc.	Page	1
11	Special Population Target (if applicable).	Page	N/A
	C. Site Evaluation		
1	Date of Inspection of Subject Property by Market Analyst.	Page	V
2	Physical features of Subject Property and Adjacent Uses.	Page	3
3	Subject Photographs (front, rear, and side elevations as well as street scenes).	Page	4
4	Map identifying location of subject as well as closest shopping centers, schools, medical facilities and other amenities relative to subject.	Page	11, 12
5	Developments in vicinity to subject and proximity in miles (Identify developments	Page	3, 11, 12
	surrounding subject on all sides) - zoning of subject and surrounding uses.	. ago	5, 11, 12
ı	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

Map identifying existing low-income housing within the Primary Market Area and proximity in miles to subject. A map of all surveyed rental communities is provided. Many of these are low income housing communities. Any large public housing or section 8 communities located within close proximity to the subject site would be noted in the site location narrative and on the site map.

Page 43

Road or infrastructure improvements planned or under construction in the PMA. *No road or infrastructure improvements were identified that would impact the*

or infrastructure improvements were identified that would impact the viability of the proposed development.

Comment on access, ingress/egress and visibility of subject.

Any visible environmental or other concerns. *Environmental*

Page None Page 3

Any visible environmental or other concerns. *Environmental* or other concerns would be noted if they exist. They do not in this case.

Page None Page 3

Page

26, 56, 59, 62

10 Overall conclusions of site and their marketability.

D. Market Area

9

Map identifying Subject's Location within PMA .
 Map identifying Subject's Location within SMA, if applicable.
 Page N/A

E. Community Demographic Data

Data on Population and Households Five Years Prior to Market Entry, and Projected Five Years Post-Market Entry, (2001, 2004 and 2009) * Population and household estimates are given for 1990, 2000, 2002, 2005 and 2006. All projections for future years are based on historical data from the 2000 census and Claritas projections. The annual compounded growth rate would be the same between 2000 and 2002 as it would be for between 2000 and 2005 or between 2002 and 2007, etc. The bench mark years and a five year projection are considered the most accurate population and household estimates. Additional estimates can be provided, however were omitted in an effort to simplify this section. Estimates of household growth for various years are used throughout the report in the demand, affordability and capture rate analyses.

* If using sources other than U.S. Census (I.e., Claritas or other reputable source of data), please include in Addenda

1. Population Trends

a.	Total Population.	Page	26
b.	Population by Age Group.	Page	30
C.	Number of elderly and non-elderly (for elderly projects).	Page	30
d.	If a special needs is proposed, additional information for this segment.	Page	N/A

2. Household Trends

a.	Total number of households and average household size.	Page	26
b.	Households by tenure (# of owner and renter households).	Page	32
	Elderly by tenure, if applicable.		N/A
C.	Households by Income (Elderly, if applicable, should be allocated separately).	Page	34

Renter households by # of persons in the household.

Rental units by number of persons in the household is not provided. This can be obtained if a provided a pricingly.

	nousenola is not providea. This can be obtained		
d.	if considered critical.	Page	Not include
3. Empl	oyment Trend		
a.	Employment by industry— #s & % (i.e. manufacturing: 150,000 (20%)).	Page	22
b.	Major employers, product or service, total employees, anticipated expansions, contractions in work forces, as well as newly planned employers and impact	Page	23
	on employment in the PMA. We are aware of no major additions or		
	subtractions to the labor force in the PMA. At-place		
	employment data indicates that the number of people employed		
	in Catoosa County continues to grow. This trend is expected to		
•	continue.	D	0.1
С.	Unemployment trends for the PMA and, where possible, the county total workforce for unemployment trends for the last two to four years.	Page	21
	Unemployment trends are provided on a county level. Labor		
	force and unemployment data is generally only available on a		
	county or municipality level, not per Census Tract. The trend		
	in the county is deemed applicable to the PMA.	_	
d.	Map of the site and location of major employment concentrations.	Page	24
e.	Overall conclusions.	Page	23
-	Restrictions - uses applicable incomes and rents in the development's tax on.	Page	2
	ility - Delineation of Income Bands *.	Page	2, 59, 62
	son of market rates of competing properties with proposed subject market rent.	Page	44, 48, 67
	son of market rates of competing properties with proposed LIHTC rents.	Page	44, 48, 67
Demand	Analysis Using Projected Service Date (within 2 years).	Page	61 - 64
a.	New Households Using Growth Rates from Reputable Source.	Page	61 - 64
b.	Demand from Existing Households.	Page	61 - 64
	(Combination of rent overburdened and substandard)	Page	61 - 64
C.	Elderly Households Converting to Rentership (applicable only to elderly).	Page	N/A
d.	Deduction of Supply of "Comparable Units".	Page	61 - 64
e.	Capture Rates for Each Bedroom Type.	Page	64
G. Supp	oly Analysis		
a.	Comparative chart of subject amenities and competing properties.	Page	46, 47
b.	Supply & analysis of competing developments under construction & pending.	Page	50
C.	Comparison of competing developments (occupancy, unit mix and rents).	Page	44, 48
d.	Rent Comparable Map (showing subject and comparables).	Page	43
	Assisted Projects in PMA *. *. Pertinent rental		
	*, * * 7 7* * , 7		
	communities, including assisted communities, are		
e.	communities, including assisted communities, are included among in the survey of existing housing stock.	Page	44

Multi-Family Building Permits issued in PMA in last two years. The most recent building permit data is provided for Catoosa County. As with unemployment data, building permits are only available for counties and municipalities. Given that the PMA includes all or portions of several permit issuing entities, it would be impossible to determine which of these permits are located in the PMA. The primary market area's activity

f. is considered comparable to county activity.

Page 28

H. Interviews

Names, Title, and Telephone # of Individuals Interviewed. Data obtained through interviews is used throughout the report including in the upcoming competition sections and the rental summary. Many of the interviews with planning personnel occur in person, therefore a phone number is not available. Data obtained through interviews with property managers is presented in the rental analysis section and the profile sheets at the end

a. of the report. Page 69, Various

I. Conclusions and Recommendations

a.	Conclusion as to Impact of Subject on PMA.	Page	65-68
b.	Recommendation as to Subject's Viability in PMA.	Page	65-68

J. Signed Statement

a. Signed Statement from Analyst. Page 72

K. Comparison of Competing Properties

Page N/A

Separate Letter addressing addition of more than one competing property.

a. Provided under separate cover if applicable.

^{*} PHA properties are not considered comparable with LIHTC units.

Appendix 5 Community Photos and Profiles									

Cloud Springs

Multifamily Community Profile

15 Greenway Dr Fort Oglethrope, GA

County/Map: Catoosa, GA

Property Manager: --Owner: --

Community of the Commun	•	T7/11/21 T 1 1 . 1 . 1	D	T714 3/41 - 4	(N.T a. 30		(1)				
General Informat		Utilities Included in		Unit Mix (ent) % of		Aug Daret	A	C~F4	A
Total Units:	44	Heat Source:	Electric			% OI	ı otai	Avg Rent	Avg	SqFt	Avg \$/SqFt
CommunityType:	Market F				Eff				-	-	-
Structure Type:	Townhouse	Hot Water:		_	ne			-	-	-	-
No. Floors:	-	Cooking:		One/E					-	-	
		Electricity:	Electricity:		wo	100.	0%	\$525	1,1	00	\$0.48
Year Opened:	1976	Water/Sewer: 🗸	ter/Sewer: 🗸)en				-	-	-
		Trash: 🗸		Thi					-	-	
Parking		Security		Four+							
		Unit Alarms:		Historic O	ccupa	ıncv o	& Net	Rent Data	<i>(1)</i>		
Free Surface Parki	•	Permiter Fence.						ancy		Ren	
<u>#</u> Surface; OnSite:	Spaces \$	GatedEntry:		Date	Leas	eUp	Units	Rate	1BR	2BR	
Surface, OffSite.		SecurityPatrol:		7/3/2003		7	1	2.3%		\$525	
Covered:		Intercom:		11312003	L	_	•	2.3%	-	\$ 525	-
		KeyedBldgEntry.									
Attach. Garage:		Cameras:									
Detach. Garage: Structured:		SecurityLighting									
Structurea:		MannedDoor:									
		Walliod Boot.									
Community Amer	ities	Unit Features									
Clubhouse:	Playgrou	und: Standard Feat	ures:								
Comm Rm:	Basket	ball: Dishwasher	; In Unit La	undry (Hook-	ups);	Centr	al A/C;	Storage (In	Unit); (Carpet	
Central Lndry:	Ten	nnis: 🗌									
Fitness:	Volley	ball. Features Avail	able in Seled	ct Units:							
Hot Tub:	CarWa	ash:									
Sauna: 🗌	Business	Ctr:									
Outdoor Pool:	Computer	rCtr: Optional Featu	ires w/ Fee:								
		_									
		Rent Concessi	ions:								
		none									
427500	6	<u>Floorplans</u>	(Street Rei	nts as of 7/3	/2003	(2)					





Description BRs Bath Units SqFt Rent/SF Rent Feature

Program / Townhouse 2 1.5 44 \$525 1,100 \$0.48

© 2003 Real Property Research Group, Inc.

Country Aire Apartments

Multifamily Community Profile

730 West James Street Rossville, GA

County/Map: Catoosa, GA

Property Manager: -Owner: --

<u>General Information</u>	n	Utilities Included in	Keni	Unit N	11X (1	vet Ken	t) (1)				
Total Units.	62	Heat Source:	Electric	Be	droon		of Total	Avg Rer	nt Av	g SqFt	Avg \$/SqFt
CommunityType:	Market F	Rate I Heat:				ff				-	
Structure Type:	Garden	Hot Water:			Or		00.0%	\$460	;	500	\$0.92
No. Floors:		Cooking:		C	ne/De						
		Electricity:		_	Tw						
Year Opened:	1984	Water/Sewer: 🗸		Т	wo/De						
		Trash: 🗸			Thre						
Parking		<u>Security</u>			Fou	r+		-		-	
Free Surface Parking		Unit Alarms:		Histor	ic Oc	cupan	y & Net	Rent Da	ta (1)		
	aces \$	Permiter Fence.					Va	cancy		Ren	t
Surface; OnSite.		GatedEntry:		Dat	е	LeaseU	p Units	Rate	1BR	2BR	R 3BR
Surface; OffSite.		SecurityPatrol:		6/16/2	003		9	14.5%	\$460		
Covered:		Intercom:									
Attach. Garage:		KeyedBldgEntry.									
Detach. Garage:		Cameras:									
Structured:		SecurityLighting.									
		MannedDoor:									
Community Amenit	ies	Unit Features									
Clubhouse:	Playgrou	und: Standard Feat	ures:								
Comm Rm:	Basketk	ball: Ceiling Fan	; Central A/	C; Carpe	t						
Central Lndry:	Ten	nis:									
Fitness:	Volley	ball. Features Avail	lable in Sele	ct Units:							
Hot Tub:	CarWa	ash:									
Sauna: 🗌	Business	Ctr: Optional Featu	roo w/ Eoo:								
Outdoor Pool:	Computer	Ctr:	iies w/ ree.								
		_									
		Rent Concessi	ions:								
THE REAL PROPERTY.											
	lax'	no applicati									
		no applicati	on fee	nte as o	f 6/14	(/ 2 003)	(2)				
			on fee	nts as o	f 6/16	5/2003)	(2)				
		no applicati <u>Floorplans</u>	on fee	<u>nts as o</u> BRs		5/ <mark>2003)</mark> Units	(2) Rent	SqFt Re	nt/SF	Feature	e Prograi



Country Aire Apartments

GA047-005957

Lake Shore

Multifamily Community Profile

1100 Lake Shore Drive Fort Oglethrope, GA

County/Map: Catoosa, GA

Property Manager: -Owner: --

General Informat	ion	Utilities Included in	Unit Mix (Net Rent) (1)									
Total Units:	153	Heat Source:	Electric	Bedrooi	m	% of	Total	Avg Rent	Avg	SqFt	Avg \$/Sq	Ft
CommunityType:	Market F		Licotilo		Eff	9.8	%	\$430	30	00	\$1.43	
Structure Type:	Townhouse			O	ne	38.6	6%	\$460	60	00	\$0.77	
No. Floors:		Cooking:		One/D)en				-	-		
740.770076.		Electricity:		T	wo	3.3	%	\$590	96	60	\$0.61	
Year Opened:	1990	Water/Sewer:		Two/D)en				-	-		
		Trash: 🗸		Thi	ree				-	-		
D 11		_		Fou	ur+				-	-		
<u>Parking</u>		<u>Security</u>		TT			0.37	D (D)	(31)			
Free Surface Parki	ng	Unit Alarms.		Historic O	ссир	ancy o			(I)			
<u>#</u>	Spaces \$	Permiter Fence.						ancy _		Rent		
Surface, OnSite.		GatedEntry:		Date	Leas	seUp	Units	Rate	1BR	2BR	3BR	
Surface, OffSite.		SecurityPatrol:		7/3/2003			1	0.7%	\$455	\$584		
Covered:		Intercom:										
Attach. Garage:		KeyedBldgEntry:										
Detach. Garage:		Cameras:										
Structured:		SecurityLighting.										
		MannedDoor:										
Community Amen	ities	Unit Features	5									
Clubhouse:	Playgrou	und: Standard Fea	tures:									
Comm Rm:	Basket	ball: Disposal; I	n Unit Laund	ry (Hook-ups	s); Ce	ntral A	VC; Ca	rpet				
Central Lndry: ✓	Ten	nnis: 🗌										
Fitness:	Volley	rball. Features Ava	ilable in Seled	t Units:								
Hot Tub:	CarWa	ash: 🗌 —										
Sauna: 🗌	Business	Ctr: Optional Feat	uroo w/ Foo:									
Outdoor Pool:	Computer	rCtr:	ures w/ ree.									
		_										
1534		Rent Concess	sions:									
and the second		none										



Floorplans (Street Rents as of 7/3/2003) (2)

Description	BRs	Bath	Units	Rent	SqFt	Rent/SF	Feature	Program
/ Townhouse	Eff	1	15	\$425	300	\$1.42		
/ Townhouse	1	1	59	\$455	600	\$0.76		
/ Townhouse	2	2	3	\$590	1,000	\$0.59		
/ Townhouse	2	1	2	\$575	900	\$0.64		



Lake Shore GA047-005973

Mission Villa

Multifamily Community Profile

329 Mission Ridge Rd Rossville, GA

County/Map: Catoosa, GA

Property Manager: -Owner: --

General Informati	on	Utilities Included in	Rent	Unit Mix ((Net)	Rent)	(1)					
Total Units:	32	Heat Source:	Electric	Bedroo	m	% of	Total	Avg Rent	Avg .	SqFt	Avg \$/SqF	- t
CommunityType:	Subsid	dized Heat:			Eff				-	-		
Structure Type:	Garden	Hot Water:			ne			\$323	-	-		
No. Floors:		Cooking:		One/I		-			-	-		
		Electricity:			wo	-		\$404	-	-		
Year Opened:		Water/Sewer:		Two/[-			-	-		
		Trash: 🗸			ree	-			-	-		
Parking		Security		Fo	ur+				-	-		
Free Surface Parkir	na	Unit Alarms:		Historic O	Ссир	ancy	& Net	Rent Data	<i>(1)</i>			
	spaces \$	Permiter Fence.					Vac	ancy		Rent	t	
Surface; OnSite.		GatedEntry:		Date	Lea	seUp	Units	Rate	1BR	2BR	3BR	
Surface; OffSite.		SecurityPatrol:		7/3/2003	Г		1	3.1%	\$318	\$398	3	
Covered:		Intercom:										
Attach. Garage:		KeyedBldgEntry.										
Detach. Garage:		Cameras:										
Structured:		SecurityLighting										
		MannedDoor:										
Community Amen	ities	Unit Features										
Clubhouse:	Playgrou	und: Standard Fea	tures:									
Comm Rm:	Baskett	ball: Disposal; I	n Unit Laund	dry (Hook-up	s); Ce	entral A	VC					
Central Lndry:	Ten	nnis:										
Fitness:	Volley	ball. Features Avai	lable in Seled	ct Units:								
Hot Tub:	CarWa	ash:										
Sauna: 🗌	Business	Ctr: Optional Feat	ires w/ Fee:									
Outdoor Pool:	Computer	Ctr:	1100 W/ 1 00.									
		— Rent Concess	ionor									
然中學	-	none	IOHS.									
Min.		lione										
Research Control		Floorplans	(Street Re	nts as of 7/3	/200.	3) (2)						





Description	BRs	Bath	Units	Rent	SqFt	Rent/SF	Feature	Program
/ Garden	1	1		\$318				
/ Garden	2	1		\$398				

Mission Villa GA047-005978

Oak Ridge

Multifamily Community Profile

25 Hummingbird Lane Ringgold, GA

County/Map: Catoosa, GA

Property Manager: -Owner: --

General Information	on	Utilities Included in	Rent	Unit Mix (Net I	Rent)	(1)					
Total Units:	40	Heat Source:	Electric	Bedrooi	m	% of	Total	Avg Rent	Avg S	qFt	Avg \$/SqFt	
CommunityType:	L	.IHTC Heat:			Eff							
Structure Type:	Garden	Hot Water:		_	ne			\$401				
No. Floors:		Cooking:		One/D								
		Electricity.			wo			\$440				
Year Opened:		Water/Sewer: 🗸		Two/D					-			
		Trash: 🗸		Thi				\$469	-			
Parking		Security		Fou	ur+	-			-			
Free Surface Parkin	na	Unit Alarms:		Historic O	ссир	ancy o	& Net	Rent Data	<i>(1)</i>			
	Spaces \$	Permiter Fence:					Vac	ancy		Rent		
Surface; OnSite.		GatedEntry:		Date	Leas	seUp	Units	Rate	1BR	2BR	3BR	
Surface; OffSite.		SecurityPatrol:		6/16/2003			3	7.5%	\$401	\$440	\$469	
Covered:		Intercom:			_	_						
Attach. Garage:		KeyedBldgEntry:										
Detach. Garage:		Cameras:										
Structured:		SecurityLighting										
		MannedDoor:										
Community Ameni	ities	Unit Features										
Clubhouse:	Playgrou	und: Standard Feat	ures:									
Comm Rm:	Basketi	ball: In Unit Lauı	ndry (Hook-	ups); Central	A/C;	Patio/	Balcon	y; Carpet				
Central Lndry:	Ten	nnis: 🗌										
Fitness:	Volley	ball. Features Avai	iabie in Seled	ct Units:								
Hot Tub:	CarWa	_										
Sauna:	Business	Ontional Feature	ıres w/ Fee:									
Outdoor Pool:	Computer	rCtr:	00 1., . 00.									
		Rent Concess	ions:									
THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	200	Nem Concess	10113.									
		Floorplans	(Street Re	nts as of 6/1	<u>6/200</u>	03) (2)					



Description	BRs	Bath	Units	Rent	SqFt	Rent/SF	Feature	Program
/ Garden	1	1		\$401				
/ Garden	2	1		\$440				
/ Garden	3	1		\$469				

Oak Ridge GA047-005959

Oglethrope Ridge

Multifamily Community Profile

1252 Cloud Spring Lane Fort Oglethrope, GA

County/Map: Catoosa, GA

Property Manager: -Owner: --

General Information	n <u>Utilit</u>	ties Included	in Rent	Unit Mix (N	Vet K	Rent) (1)					
Total Units:	97 <i>H</i>	leat Source:	Natural Gas	Bedroom	1	% of T	otal	Avg Rent	Avg Sq	ıFt	Avg \$/SqFt	
CommunityType:	LIHTC	Heat:	1	E	ff							_
Structure Type:	Garden	Hot Water:]	On	ne .	5.2%	6	\$410	731		\$0.56	
No. Floors:		Cooking:	1	One/De	en							
		Electricity:	ĺ	Tw	0							
Year Opened:	W	/ater/Sewer: 🗸	1	Two/De	en							
		Trash: ✓	1	Thre	ee	37.1	%	\$625	1,150)	\$0.54	
Parking	Secu	ritv	•	Four	r+	57.7	%	\$650	1,306	;	\$0.50	
Free Surface Parking	1	Unit Alarms:]	Historic Oc	сира	ancy &	Net I	Rent Data	<i>(1)</i>			
_		miter Fence: 🗌]				Vac	ancy		Rent		
		GatedEntry:]	Date	Leas	eUp	Units	Rate	1BR	2BR	3BR	
Surface; OffSite:	Sec	curityPatrol: 🗸		6/25/2003		7	3	3.1%	\$410		\$625	
Covered:		Intercom:]			_						
Attach. Garage:	Keye	edBldgEntry:]									
Detach. Garage:		Cameras:]									
Structured:	Secu	urityLighting []									
	M	lannedDoor:]									
Community Amenit	ies	Unit Featu	res									
Clubhouse: 🗸	Playground: 🗹	Standard F	eatures:									
Comm Rm:	Basketball:	Dishwas	her; In Unit La	undry (Hook-u	ps);	Centra	I A/C;	Carpet				
Central Lndry:	Tennis:											
Fitness:	Volleyball.	Features A	vailable in Sele	ct Units:								
Hot Tub:	CarWash:	_										
Sauna: 🗌	BusinessCtr:	0										
Outdoor Pool.	ComputerCtr:	Optional Fe	eatures w/ Fee:									
		_										
		Rent Conce	essions:									
		none										





Floorplans (Street Rents as of 6/25/2003) (2)

Description	BRs	Bath	Units	Rent	SqFt	Rent/SF	Feature	Program
	1	1	5	\$410	731	\$0.56		
	3	2	36	\$625	1,150	\$0.54		
	4	2	56	\$650	1,306	\$0.50		

Oglethrope Ridge GA047-005974

Park Lake

Multifamily Community Profile

950 Park Lake Rd Rossville, GA

County/Map: Catoosa, GA

Property Manager: -Owner: --

County/Map.	outoosu, on											
General Informati	on	Utilities Included in	Rent	Unit Mix	(Net	Rent)	(1)					
Total Units:	120	Heat Source:	Electric	Bedroo	m	% of	Total	Avg Rent	Avg S	SqFt	Avg \$/S	3qFt
CommunityType:	Market I	Rate I Heat:			Eff		•				-	
Structure Type:	Garden	Hot Water:			One		•	\$398	67	8	\$0.59	9
No. Floors:	-	Cooking:		One/I			•			•		
		Electricity:			wo		•	\$525	95	8	\$0.5	5
Year Opened:	1986	Water/Sewer: 🗸		Two/I			•				-	
		Trash: 🗸			ree		•			•	-	
Parking		Security		Fo	ur+		•			•		
Free Surface Parkir	ng	Unit Alarms:		Historic O	<u>)ссиі</u>	pancy (& Net	Rent Data	<i>(1)</i>			
	Spaces \$	Permiter Fence:					Vac	ancy		Rent		
Surface; OnSite.		GatedEntry:		Date	Lea	aseUp	Units	Rate	1BR	2BR	3BF	₹
Surface; OffSite:		SecurityPatrol:		7/3/2003			4	3.3%	\$398	\$525	·	
Covered:		Intercom:										
Attach. Garage:		KeyedBldgEntry.										
Detach. Garage:		Cameras:										
Structured:		SecurityLighting.										
		MannedDoor:										
Community Amen	ities	Unit Features										
Clubhouse: 🗸	Playgro	und: 🗹 🏻 Standard Fea	tures:									
Comm Rm: 🗸	Basket		r; Disposal;	Microwave;	In Ur	nit Laur	ndry (Ho	ook-ups); C	entral A	/C; Pa	tio/Balc	ony;
Central Lndry:	Ten	nnis: Carpet										
√ Citrosox □	1/0//00	Features Avai	ilable in Sele	ect Units:								
Fitness: ☐ Hot Tub: ☐	-	rball.										
not rub. □ Sauna: □	Business											
Outdoor Pool: ✓	Computer	Ontional Feat	ures w/ Fee:									
Culdoor 1 cor.	Computer	— —										
		Rent Concess	ions:									
		none										
100		100										
		<u>Floorplans</u>	(Street Re	ents as of 7/3	<u> 3/200</u>	<u>(2)</u>						
	-	sibility.		55 5 4					6		_	





Description BRs Bath Units Rent SqFt Rent/SF Feature Program / Garden 1 1 \$398 678 \$0.59 Market --

\$525

\$0.55

Market

Park Lake GA047-005979

/ Garden

Savannah Springs

Multifamily Community Profile

35 Savannah Way Fort Oglethrope, GA

County/Map: Catoosa, GA

Property Manager: -Owner: --

General Informat	ion	Utilities Included in	Rent	Unit Mix	(Net	Rent)	<i>(1)</i>					
Total Units.	103	Heat Source:	Electric	Bedroo	m	% of	Total	Avg Rent	Avg S	SqFt	Avg \$/SqF	t
CommunityType:	Market F	Rate I Heat:			Eff		•					
Structure Type:	Townhouse	Hot Water:		(One		•	\$443	54	6	\$0.81	
No. Floors:		Cooking:		One/I	Den		•					
		Electricity:			wo		•	\$606	1,30	02	\$0.47	
Year Opened:	1998	Water/Sewer:		Two/I			•					
		Trash: 🗸			ree		•					
Parking		Security		Fo	ur+	-						
Free Surface Parki	ina	Unit Alarms:		Historic C	ecup)	ancy	& Net	Rent Data	<i>(1)</i>			
	Spaces \$	Permiter Fence.					Vac	ancy		Rent		
Surface; OnSite.		GatedEntry:		Date	Lea	seUp	Units	Rate	1BR	2BR	3BR	
Surface; OffSite.		SecurityPatrol:		7/3/2003	Γ		0	0.0%	\$438	\$600		
Covered:		Intercom:			L	_			·			
Attach. Garage:		KeyedBldgEntry:										
Detach. Garage:		Cameras:										
Structured:		SecurityLighting										
		MannedDoor:										
Community Amer	nities en la companyation de la	Unit Features	S									
Clubhouse:	Playgrou	und: 🗹 Standard Fea	tures:									
Comm Rm:	Basketl	ball: Dishwashe	r; Disposal;	Microwave;	In Un	it Laur	ndry (St	acked); Ce	ntral A/C	; Carp	oet	
Central Lndry:	Ten	nnis:										
Fitness:	Volley	ball. Features Ava	ilable in Sele	ct Units:								
Hot Tub:	CarWa	ash:										
Sauna: 🗌	Business	Ctr: Optional Feat	ures w/ Fee.									
Outdoor Pool: 🗸	Computer	rCtr:	ares w/rec.									
		Rent Concess	sions:									
		none										
1996		Floorplans	s (Street Re	nts as of 7/3	3/200	3) (2)						



Description	BRs	Bath	Units	Rent	SqFt	Rent/SF	Feature	Program
/ Garden	1	1		\$438	546	\$0.80		
/ Townhouse	2	2.5		\$600	1,302	\$0.46		

Savannah Springs GA047-005976

Woodcreek Apartments

Multifamily Community Profile

1591 Park City Rd Rossville, GA

County/Map: Catoosa, GA

Property Manager: --

Owner: --

Unit Mix (Net Rent) (1) General Information **Utilities Included in Rent** Bedroom % of Total Avg Rent Avg SqFt Avg \$/SqFt Total Units: 52 Heat Source: **Electric** Eff Heat: CommunityType: Market Rate I One \$405 900 \$0.45 Structure Type: Garden Hot Water: One/Den No. Floors: Cooking: Two \$506 1,125 \$0.45 Electricity: Two/Den Year Opened: Water/Sewer: Three \$607 1,315 \$0.46 Trash: 🗸 Four+ **Parking Security** Historic Occupancy & Net Rent Data (1) Unit Alarms: Free Surface Parking Permiter Fence: Vacancy Rent Units GatedEntry: Date LeaseUp 1BR 2BR 3BR Rate Surface; OnSite. SecurityPatrol: Surface; OffSite: 6/25/2003 7.7% \$400 \$500 \$600 Intercom: Covered: KeyedBldgEntry. Attach. Garage. Cameras: Detach. Garage: SecurityLighting Structured: MannedDoor: Community Amenities **Unit Features** Clubhouse: Playground: Standard Features: Comm Rm: Basketball: 🗸 Dishwasher; Central A/C; Patio/Balcony; Carpet Central Lndry: ✓ Tennis: Features Available in Select Units: Fitness: Volleyball. Disposal Hot Tub: CarWash: Sauna: BusinessCtr: Optional Features w/ Fee: Outdoor Pool: ComputerCtr:



Rent Concessions:

none

Floorplans (Street Rents as of 6/25/2003) (2)

Description	BRs	Bath	Units	Rent	SqFt	Rent/SF	Feature	Program
/ Garden	1	1		\$400	900	\$0.44		
/ Garden	2	1		\$500	1,125	\$0.44		
/ Garden	3	2		\$600	1,315	\$0.46		



Woodcreek Apartments GA047-005981